

Effect of Pre-Strain on Nitinol Fatigue Life

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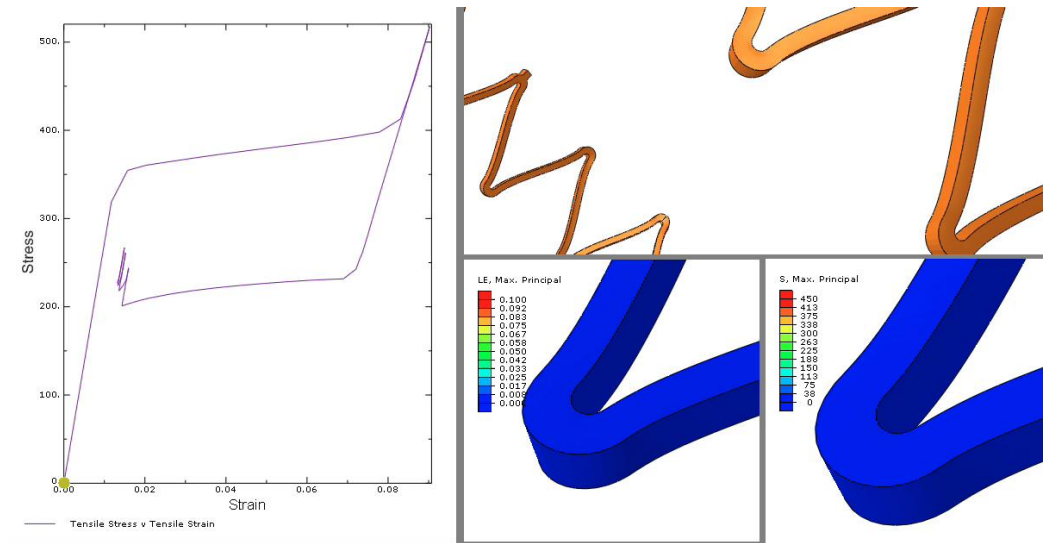
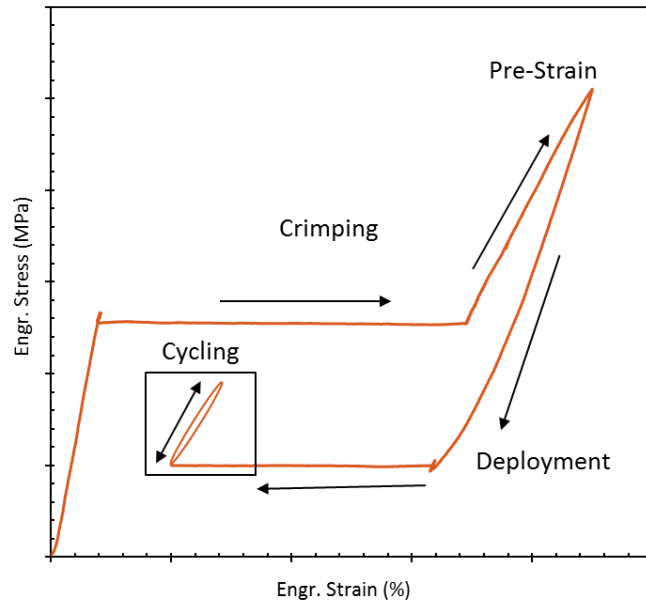
Karthikeyan Senthilnathan

Tom Duerig

Ali Shamimi

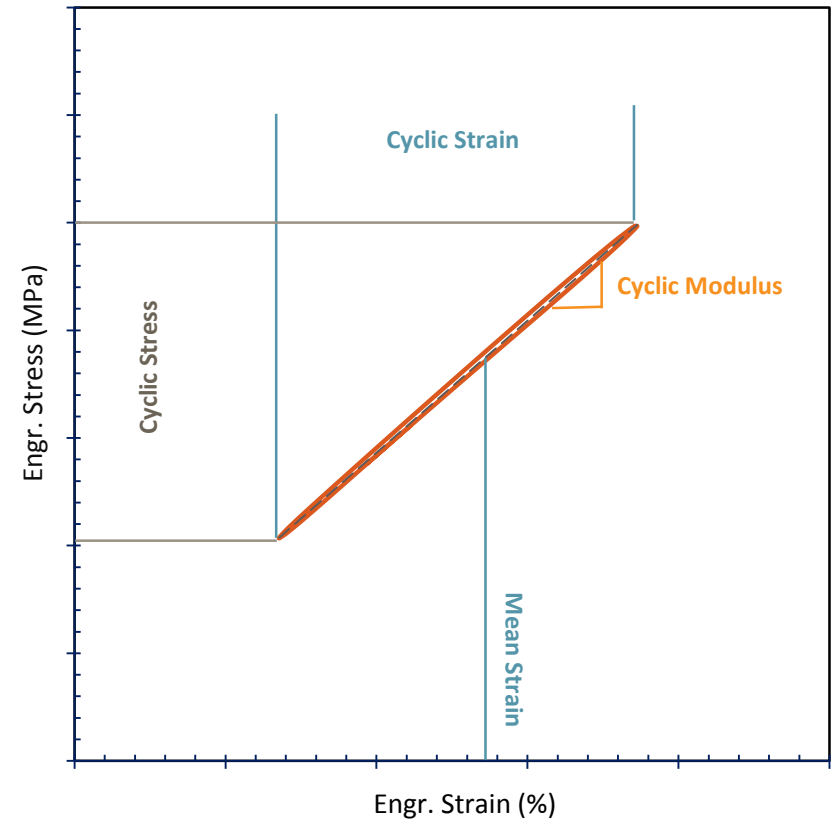
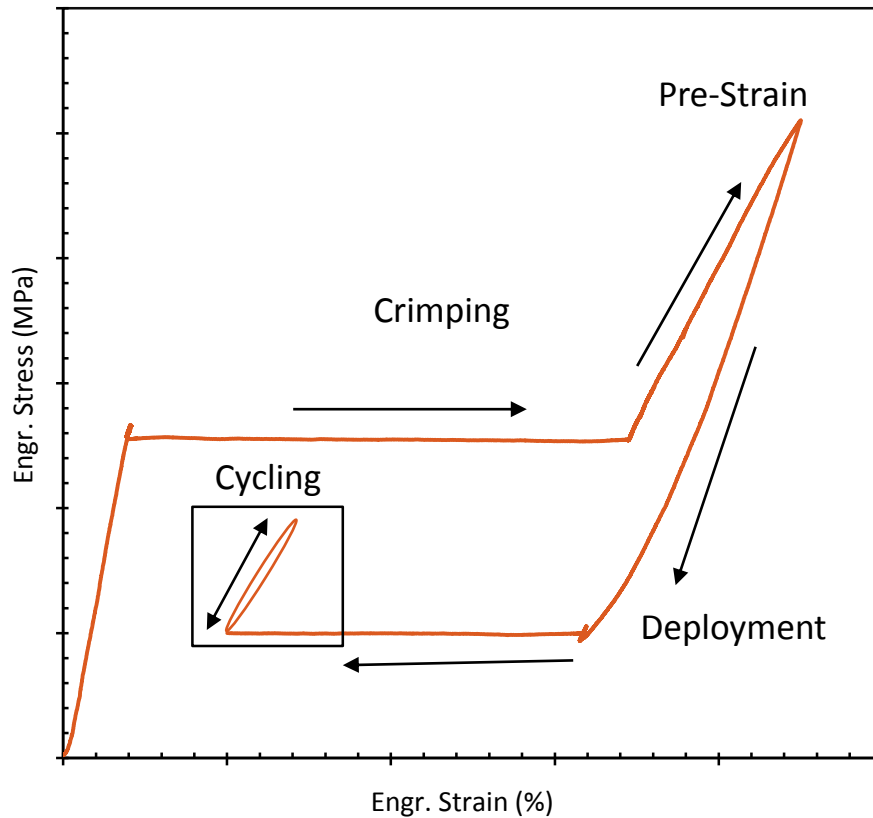
Nitinol Devices & Components, Fremont, CA

Duty Cycle – Crimp, Deploy, and Pulse



Credit: Craig Bonsignore

Duty Cycle – Definition of Pre-, Mean, and Cyclic

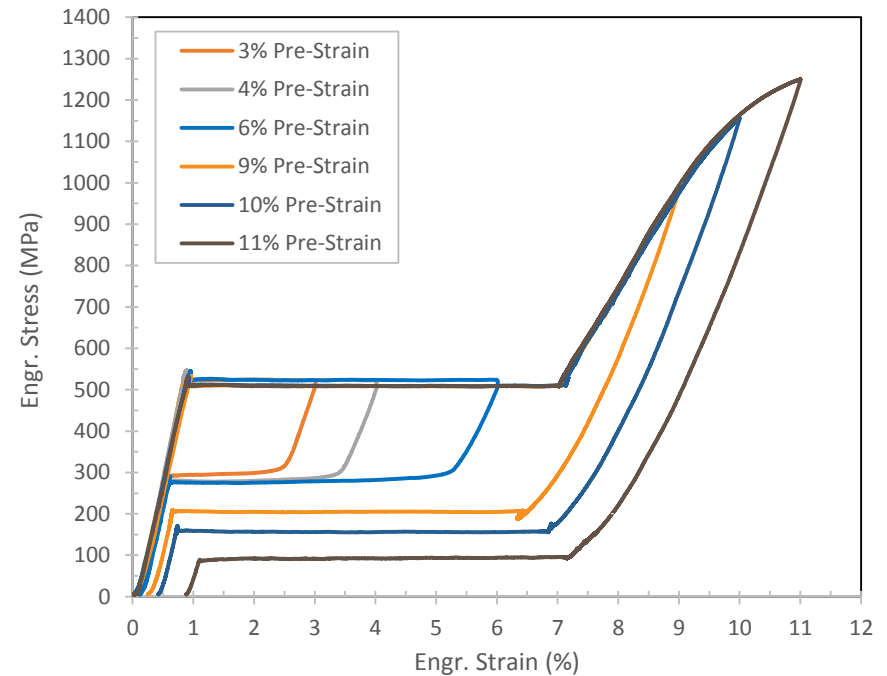


Outline

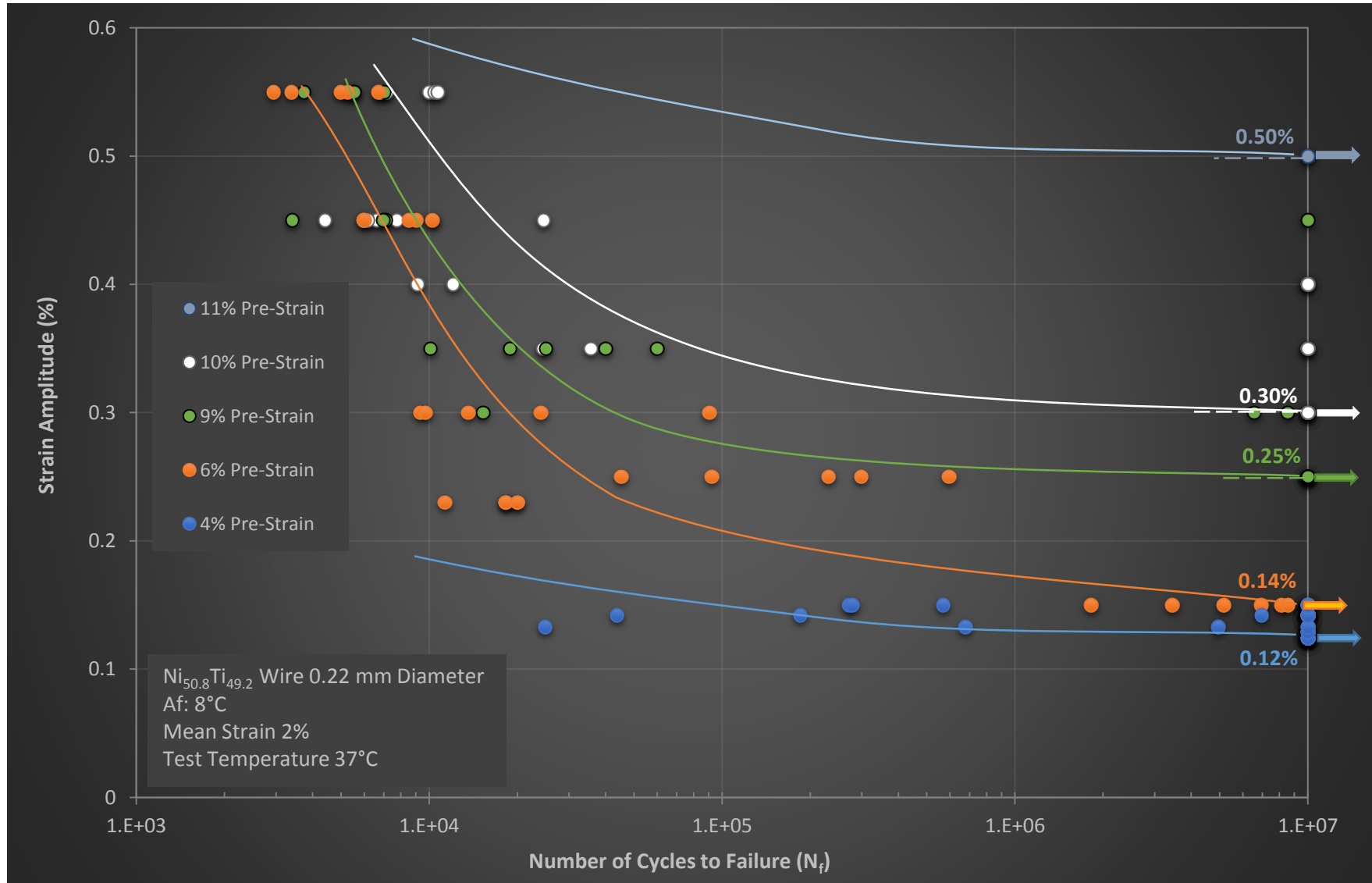
- Pre-Strain and $\epsilon - N$ Plot
- Macroscopic Changes
- Microscopic Changes
- Possible Mechanisms
- Punch Line

Fatigue Test – Parameters

- Material: Ni_{50.8}Ti_{49.2} Wire ; Af: 8°C
- Dogbone Samples
 - Diameter: 0.22 mm
 - Gauge Length: 27 mm
- Loading Type: Tension – Tension
- Mean Strain: 2%
- Test Temperature: 37°C
- Sample Size: ≥ 5
- Run out: 10M Cycles



Fatigue Results – Effect of Pre-Strain on $\epsilon - N$

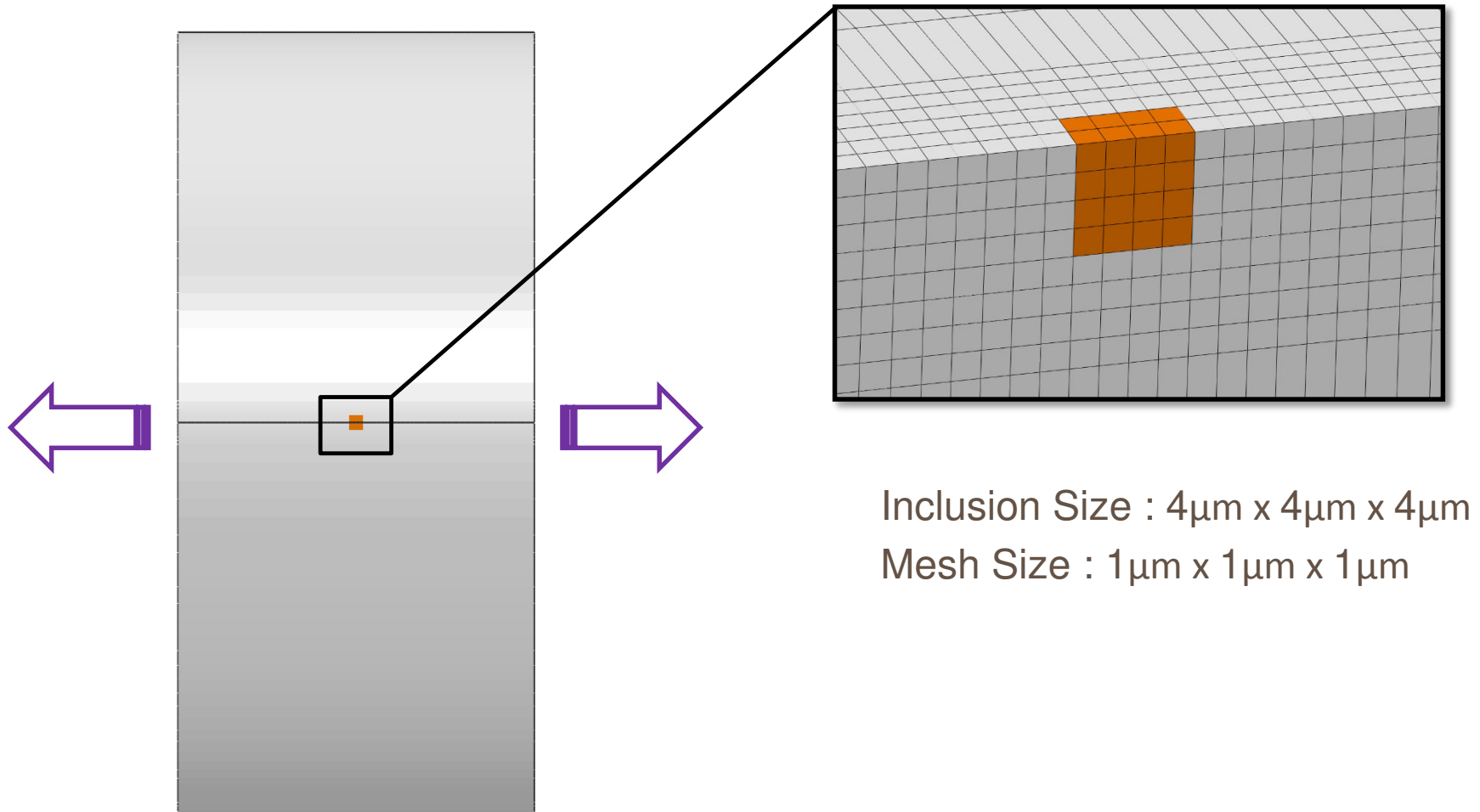


Shamimi et al., Unpublished Data, 2015

Fatigue Improvement – Possible Mechanisms

- Change in Residual Stress
 - Stress State
 - Inclusions
- Change in Properties
 - Hysteresis
 - Cyclic Modulus
 - Mean Stress

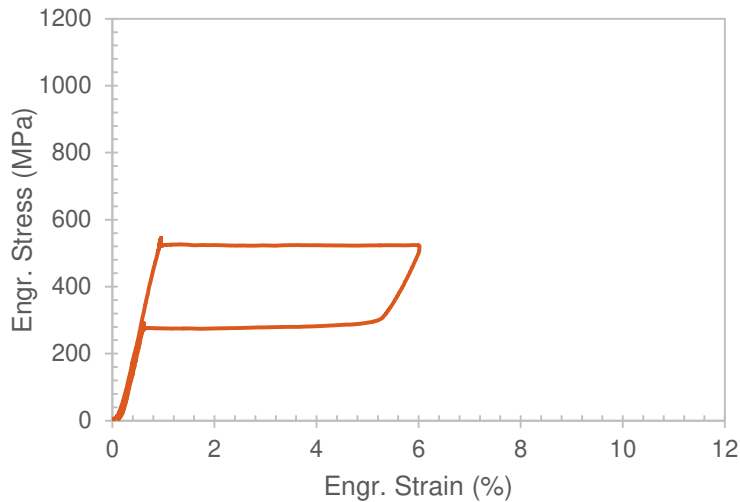
Possible Mechanisms – Change in Residual Stresses



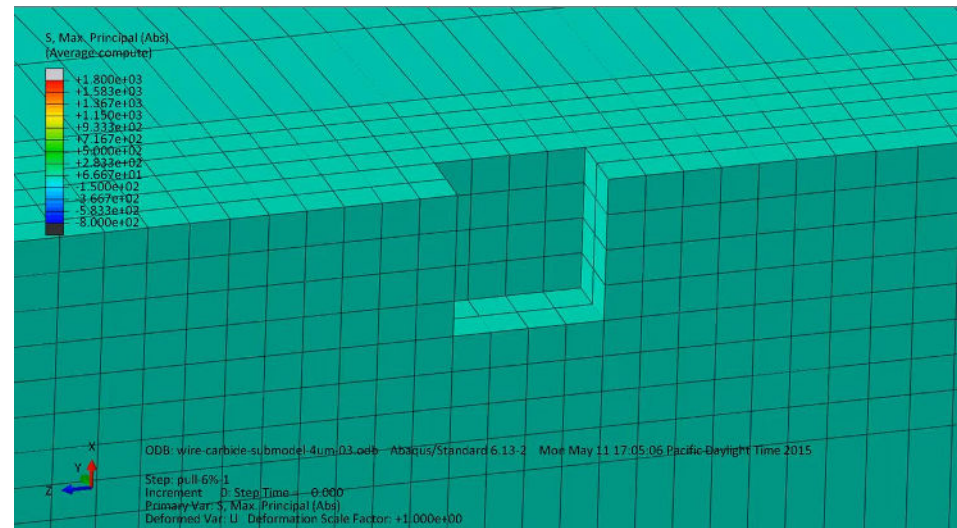
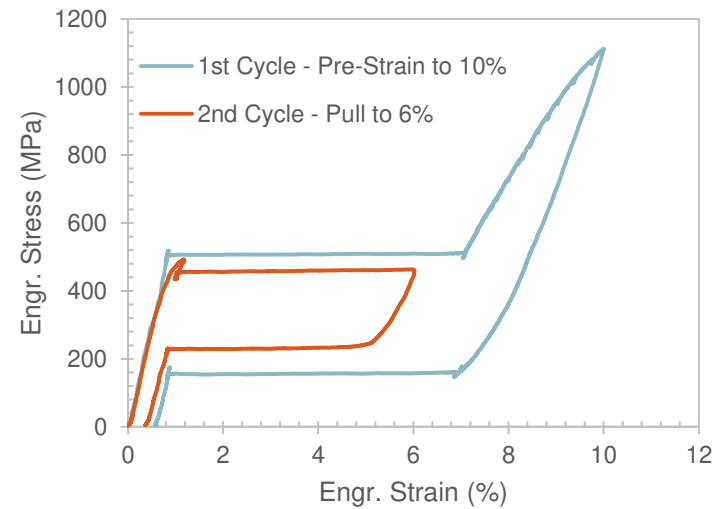
Credit: Karthikeyan Senthilnathan

Change in Residual Stresses - Comparison

6% Pre-Strain

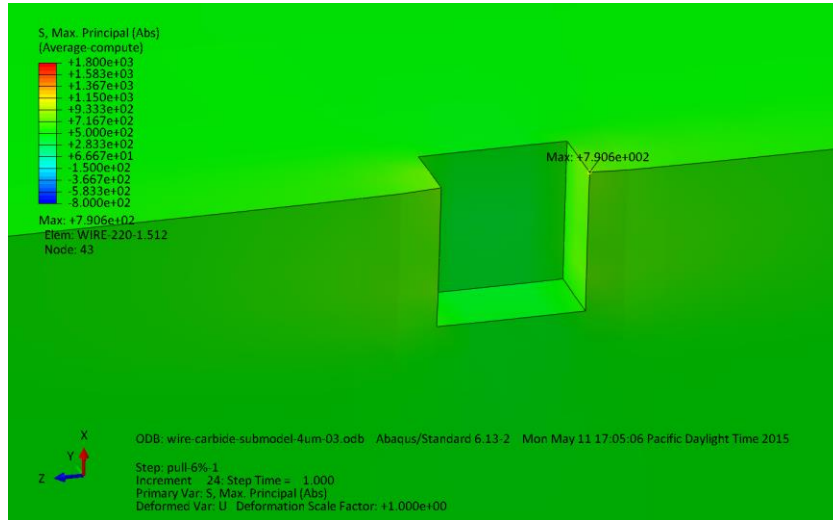


10% Pre-Strain



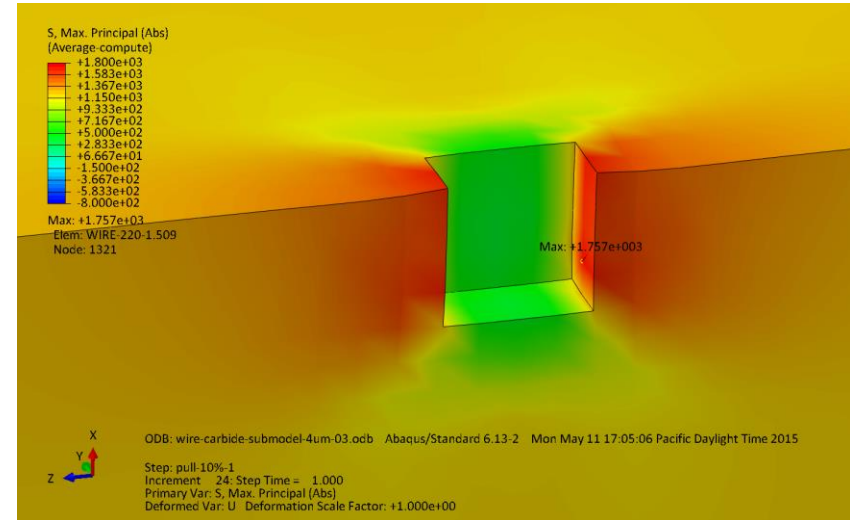
Change in Residual Stresses – Pre-Strain

6% Pre-Strain



Max. Stress
790 MPa

10% Pre-Strain



Max. Stress
1757 MPa

Change in Residual Stresses – Released

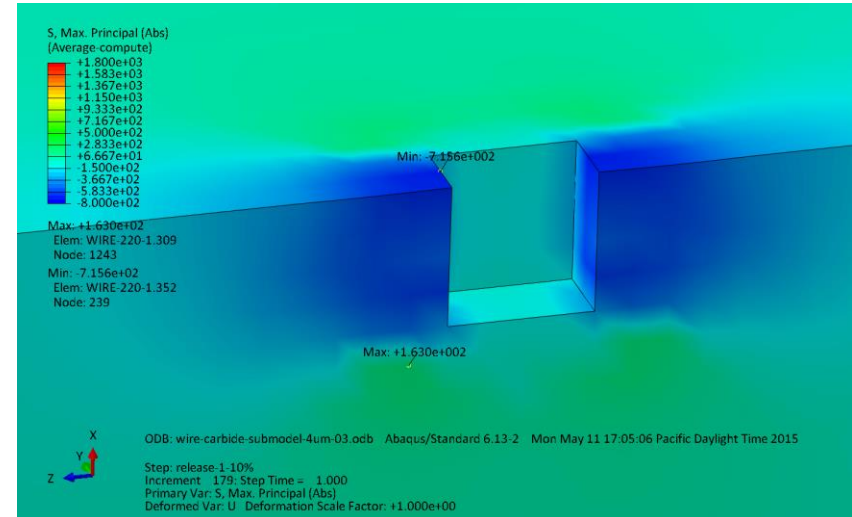
6% Pre-Strain



Max. Stress

0 MPa

10% Pre-Strain

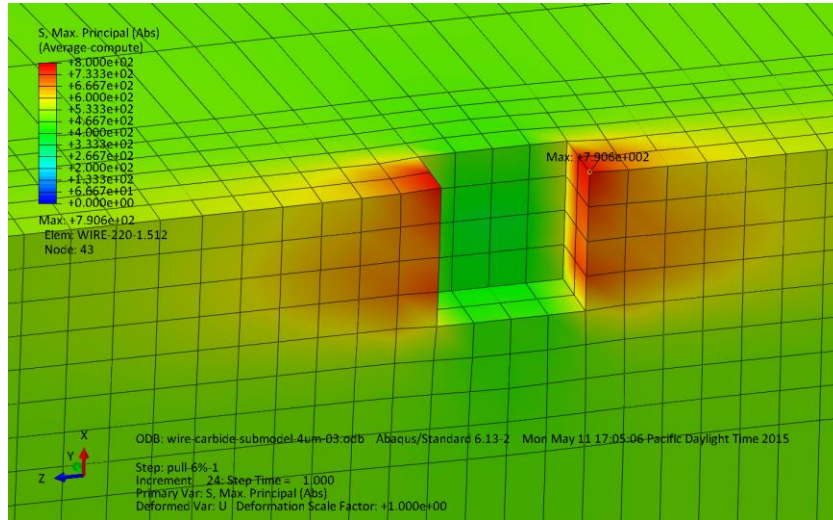


Max. Stress

-715 MPa

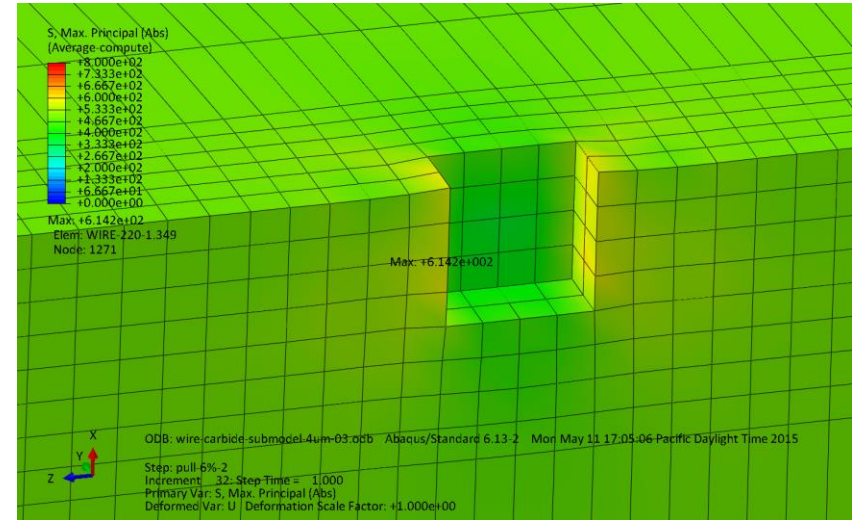
Change in Residual Stresses – Pull to 6%

6% Pre-Strain



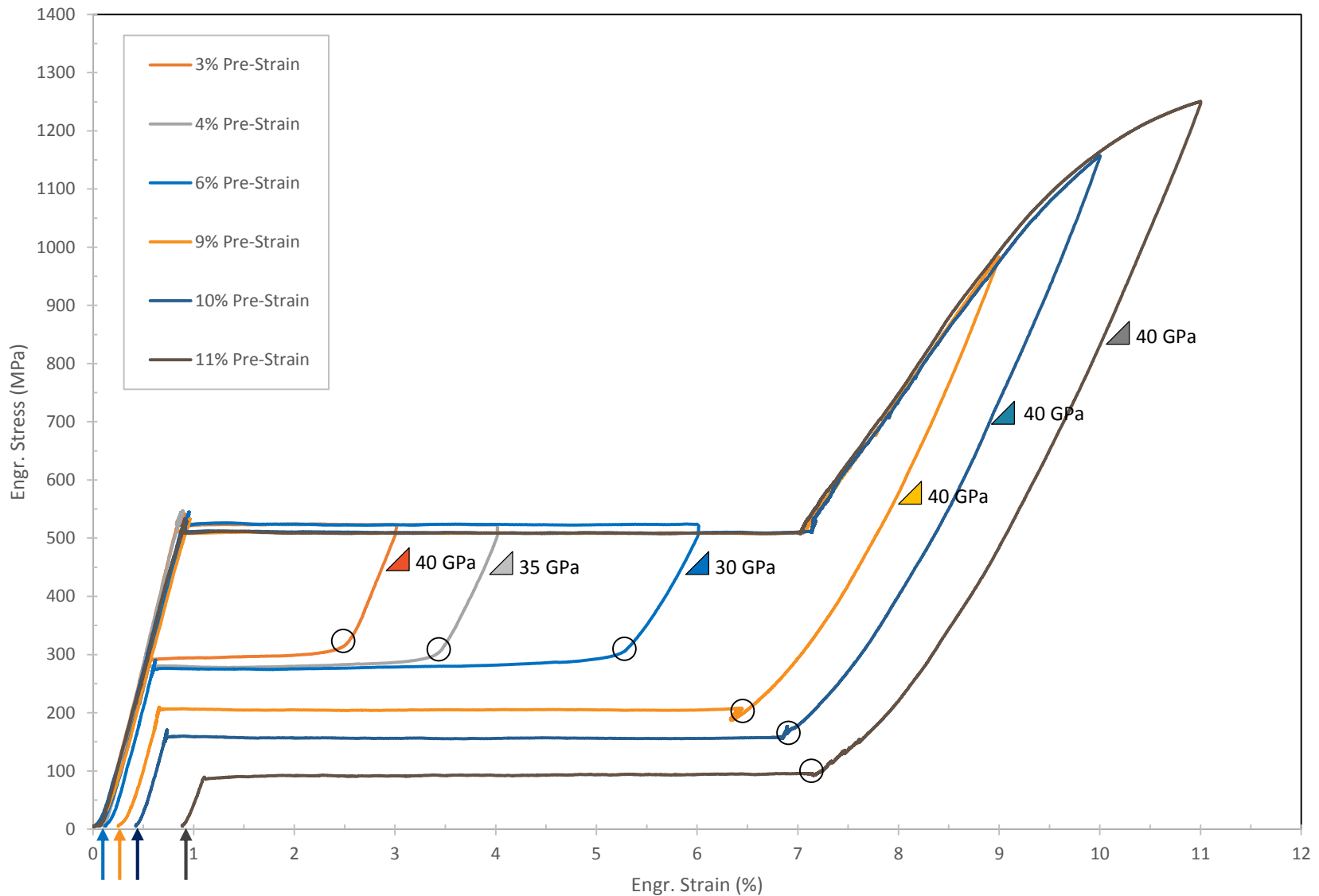
Max. Stress
790 MPa

10% Pre-Strain

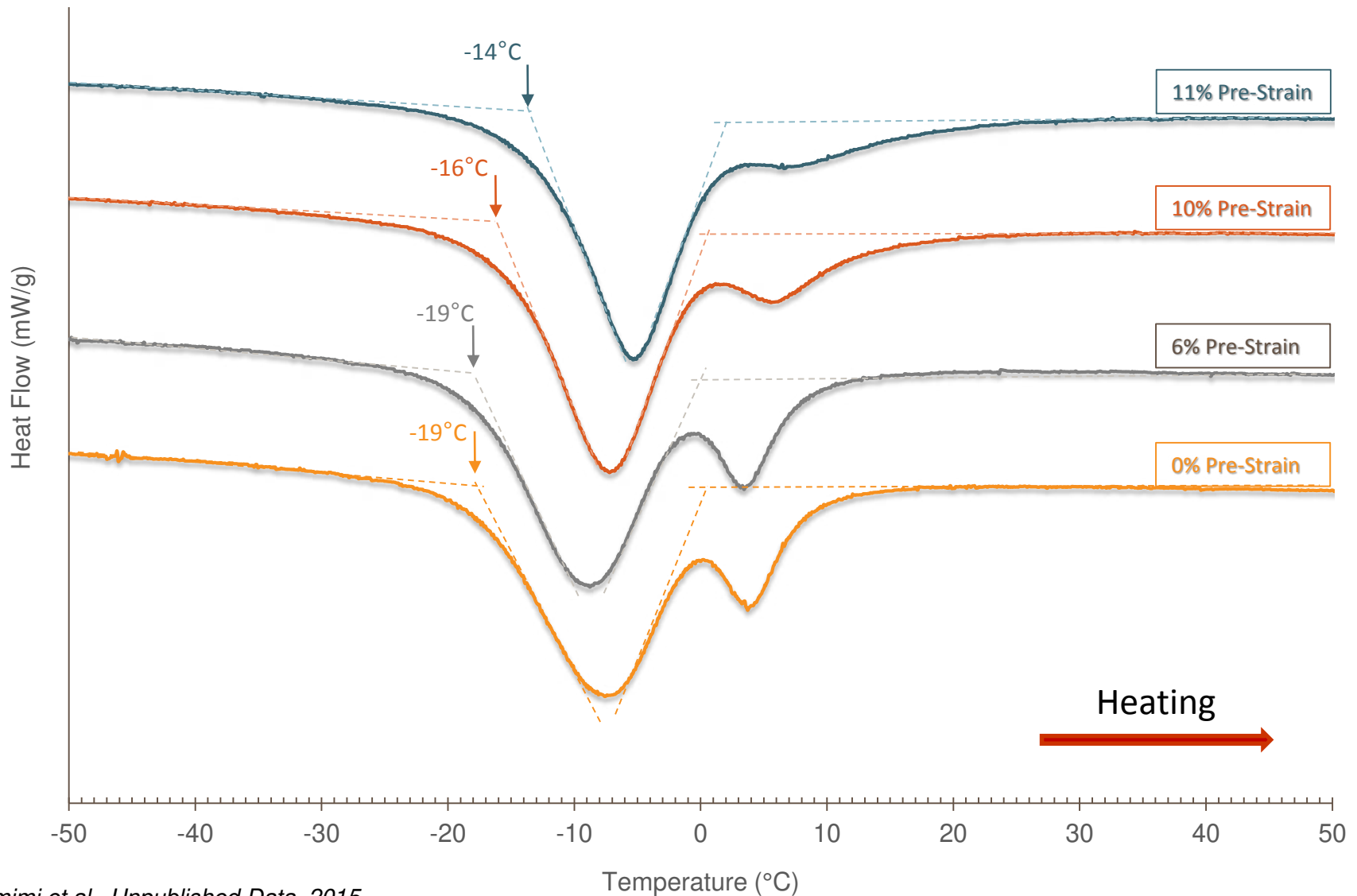


Max. Stress
614 MPa

Possible Mechanisms – Change in Properties

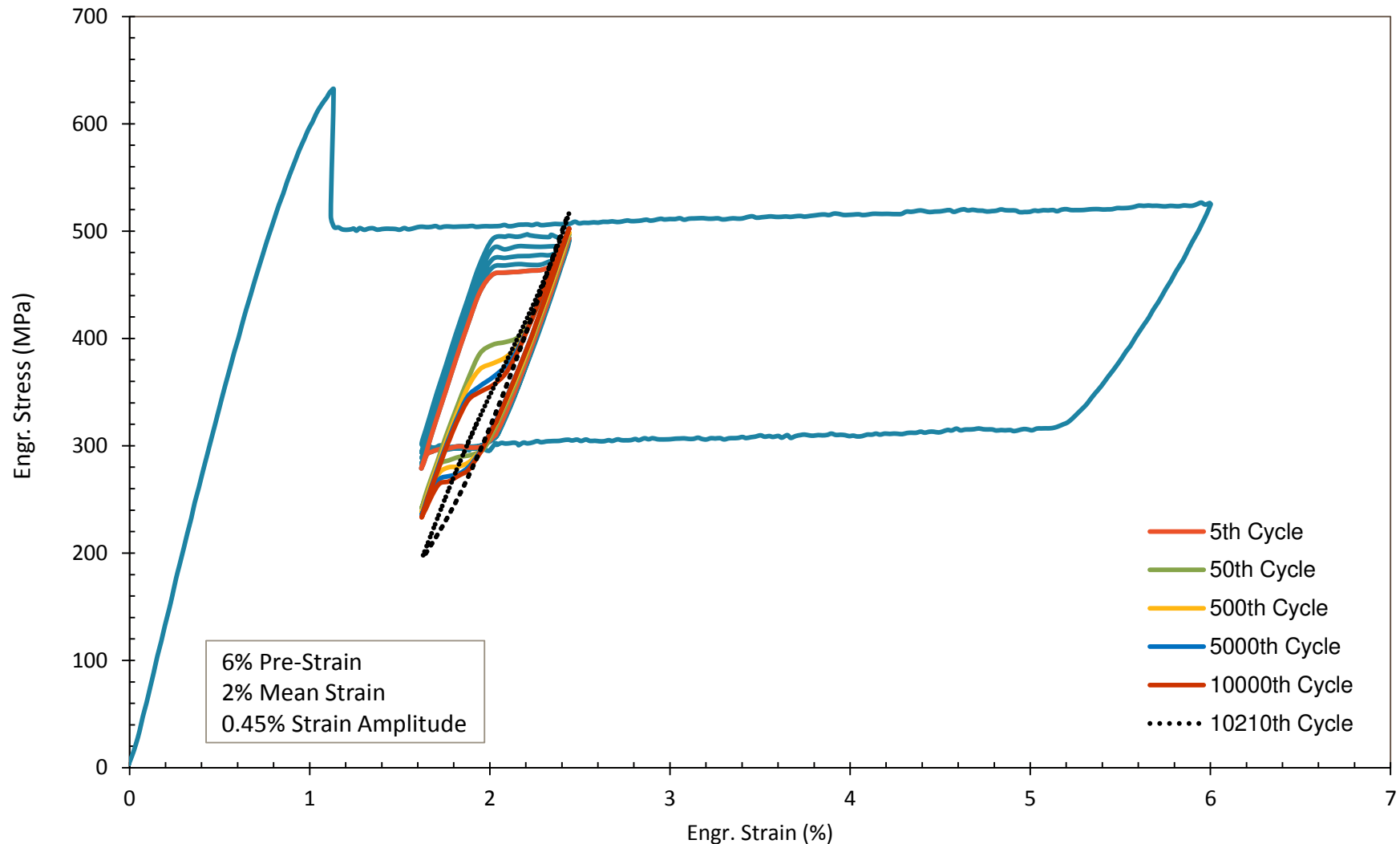


DSC – Effect of Pre-Strain



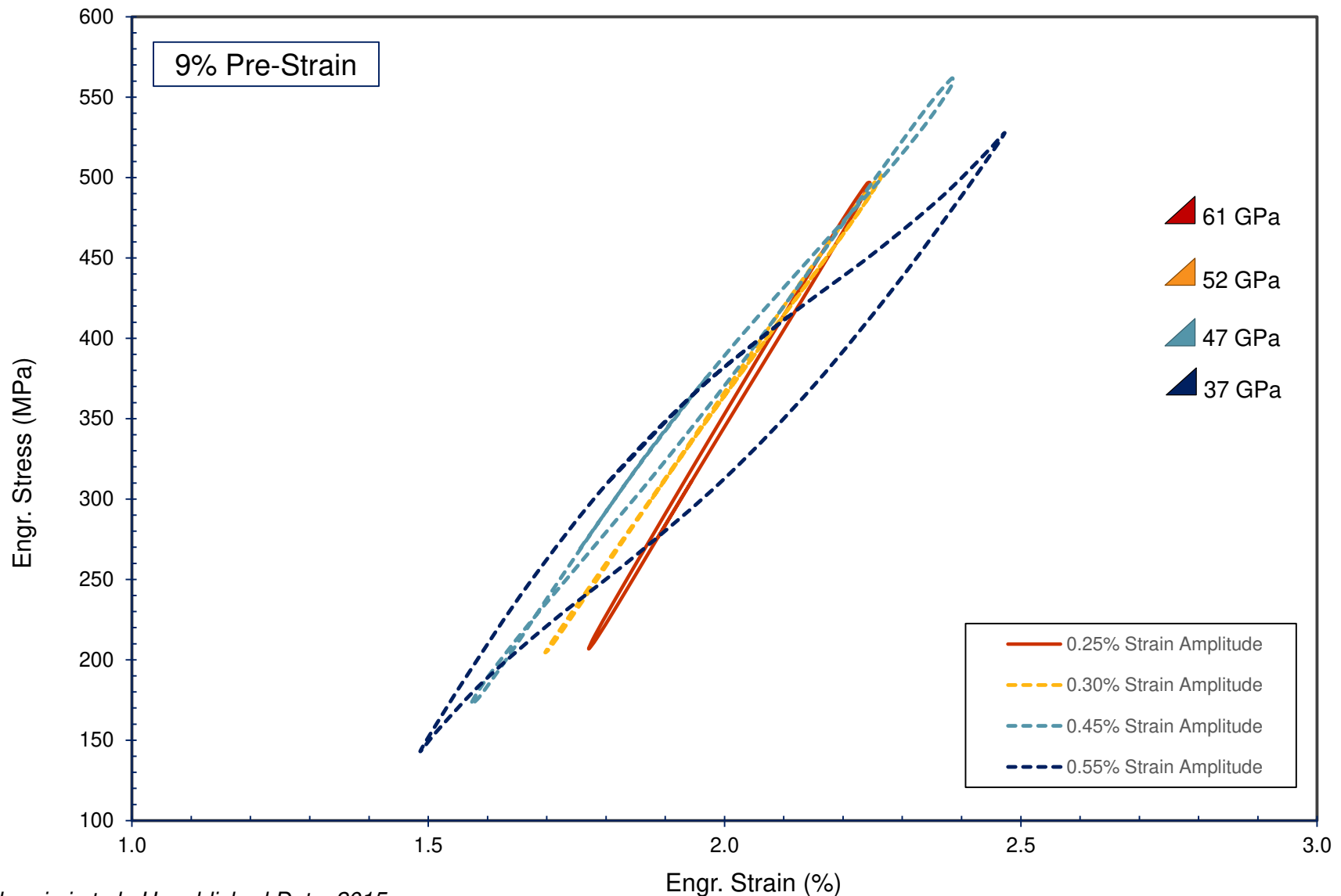
Shamimi et al., Unpublished Data, 2015

Cyclic Hardening – Strain Controlled



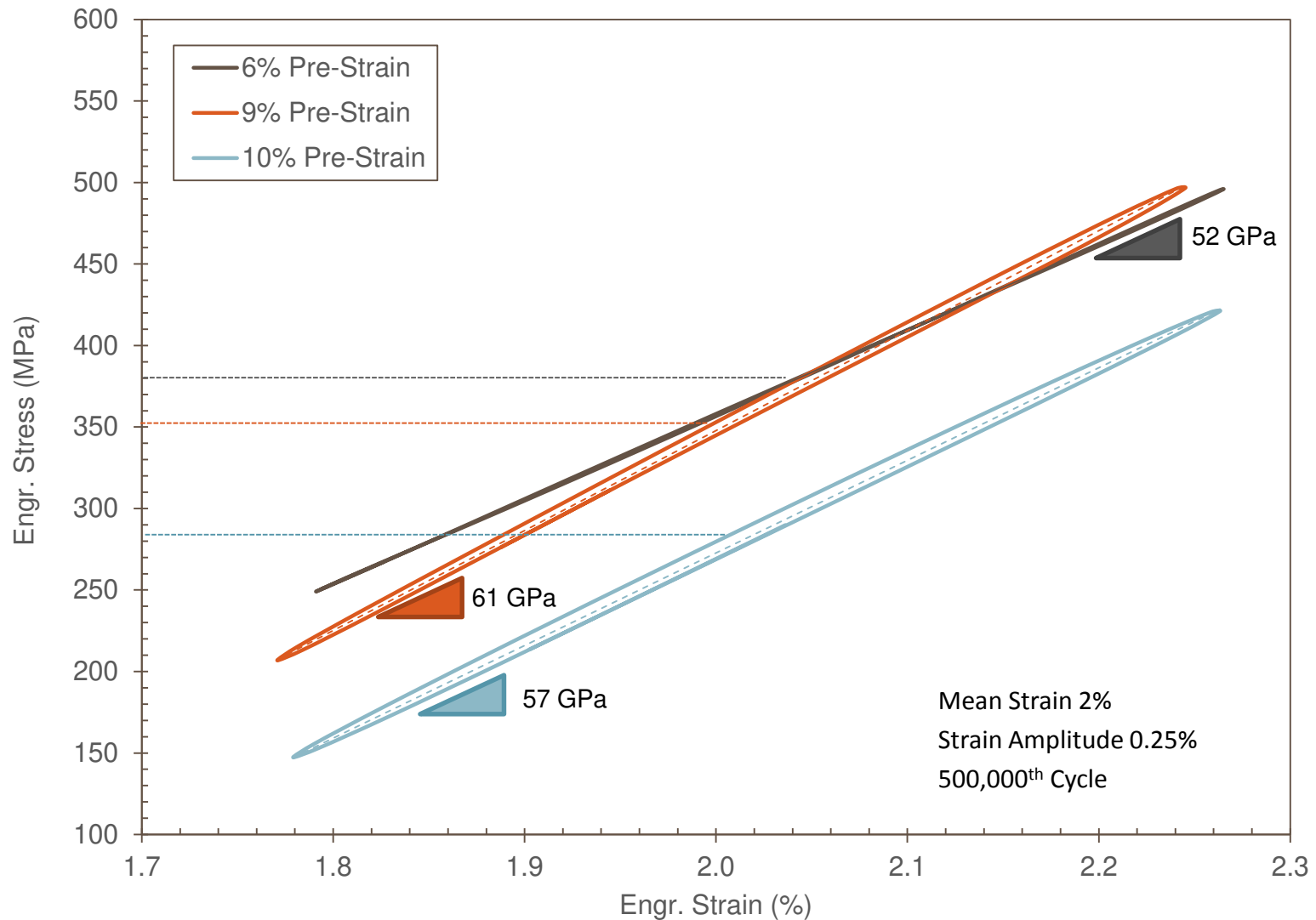
Shamimi et al., Unpublished Data, 2015

Cyclic Modulus – Effect of Strain Amplitude



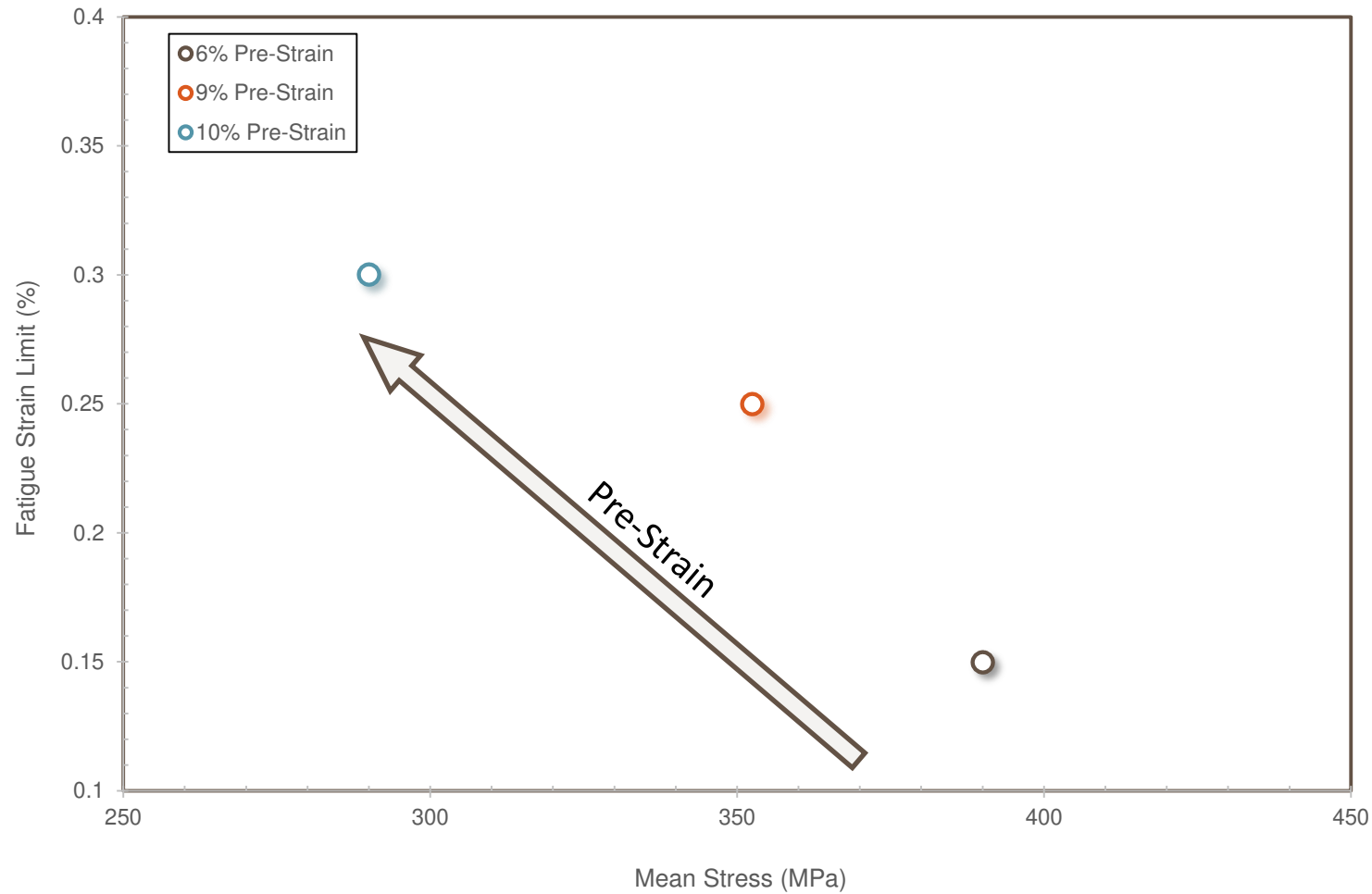
Shamimi et al., Unpublished Data, 2015

Mean Stress— Effect of Pre-Strain



Shamimi et al., Unpublished Data, 2015

Mean Stress— Effect of Pre-Strain

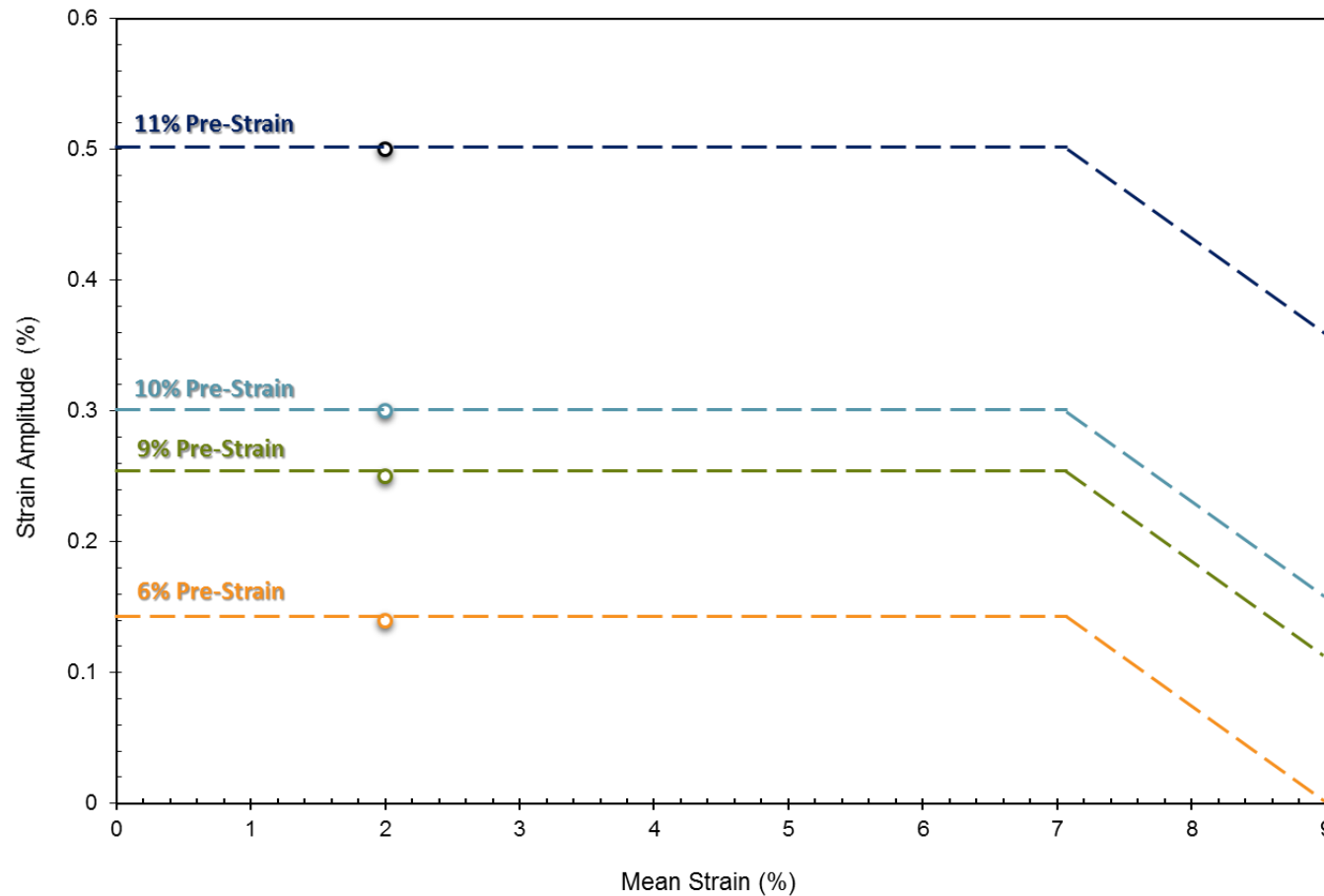


Shamimi et al., Unpublished Data, 2015

Conclusion

- Pre-Straining (up to 11%) Improves Fatigue life in Tension-Tension
- Pre-Straining Generates Compressive Residual Stresses around Inclusions Resulting in a Reduced Stress State, Hence Delaying Crack Initiation Process
- Pre-Straining Decreases the Mean Stress

Pre Straining Significantly Affects the Strain Limit Diagram



Stay Tuned!...."Sensitivity of Nitinol Fatigue Strain on Material Inputs in Finite Element Analysis" On Wednesday @ 12:00