Important Stent Design and Delivery System Issues Make All the Difference for Coronary Stents

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Disclosures

- Authors are employed by Nitinol Devices & Components, Inc (NDC)
- NDC is a supplier and/or development partner to many companies developing and commercializing Nitinol cardiovascular devices



Heard at TCT... Nitinol and Nickel Allergy



Nickel Allergy Reconciling myth and science

<u>A</u> Original Contribution

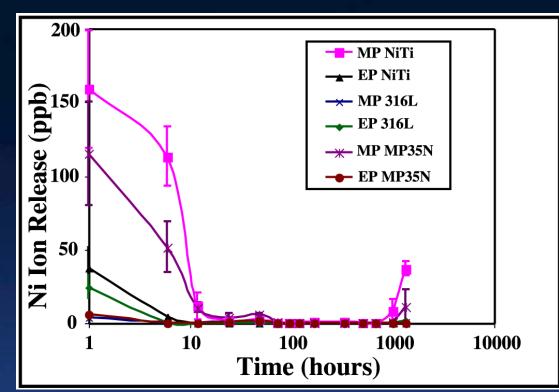
Nickel for Your Thoughts: Survey of the Congenital Cardiovascular Interventional Study Consortium (CCISC) for Nickel Allergy

*8Brent M. Gordon, MD and *John W. Moore, MD, MPH

J Invasive Cardiol. 2009 Jul;21(7):326-9.



Nickel Release f (Material + Processing)



Different devices – different surfaces – different processes – different outcomes



Overview

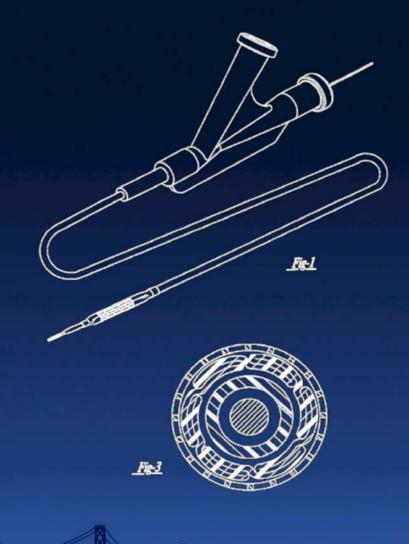
- Nitinol Stents are Different
 - Delivery System Issues
 - Stent Strength Issues
 - Profile Issues
 - Scaffolding & Uniformity Issues
- Coronary Nitinol Stenting
 - Advantages & Disadvantages of Nitinol
 - Future Directions
 - Thought provoking questions: Relating ENGINEERING to Clinical OUTCOMES

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Delivery Systems



Balloon Expandable



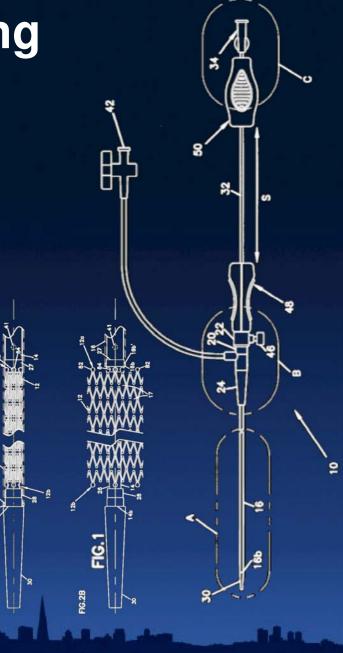
- Benefits
 - Familiar
 - Reliable
- Issues
 - Flexibility
 - Stent retention
 - Compliance
 - Profile



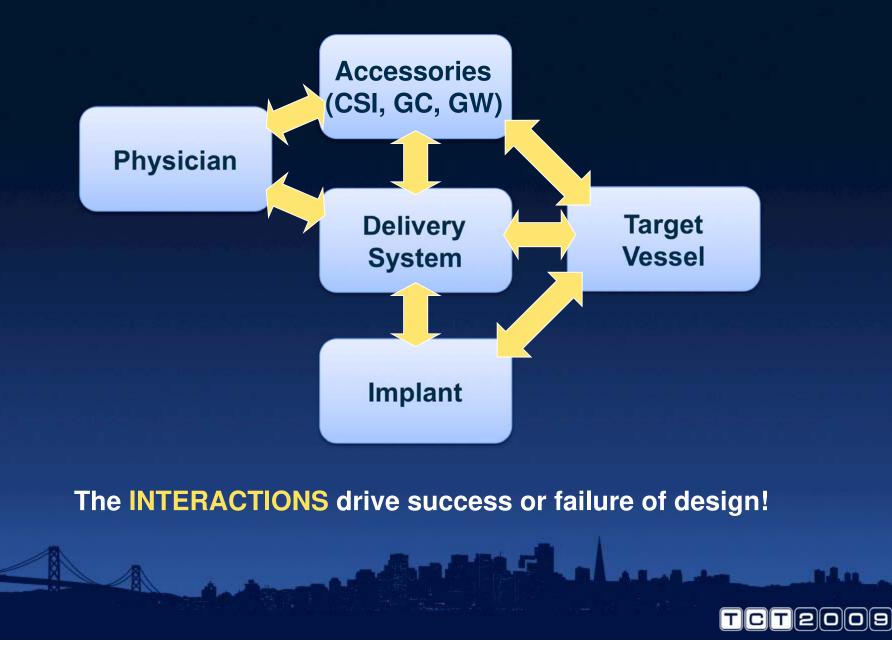
Self Expanding

Benefits

- Versatility
- Profile: no balloon
- Issues
 - Less familiar
 - Relative motion
 - Axial energy
 - Friction

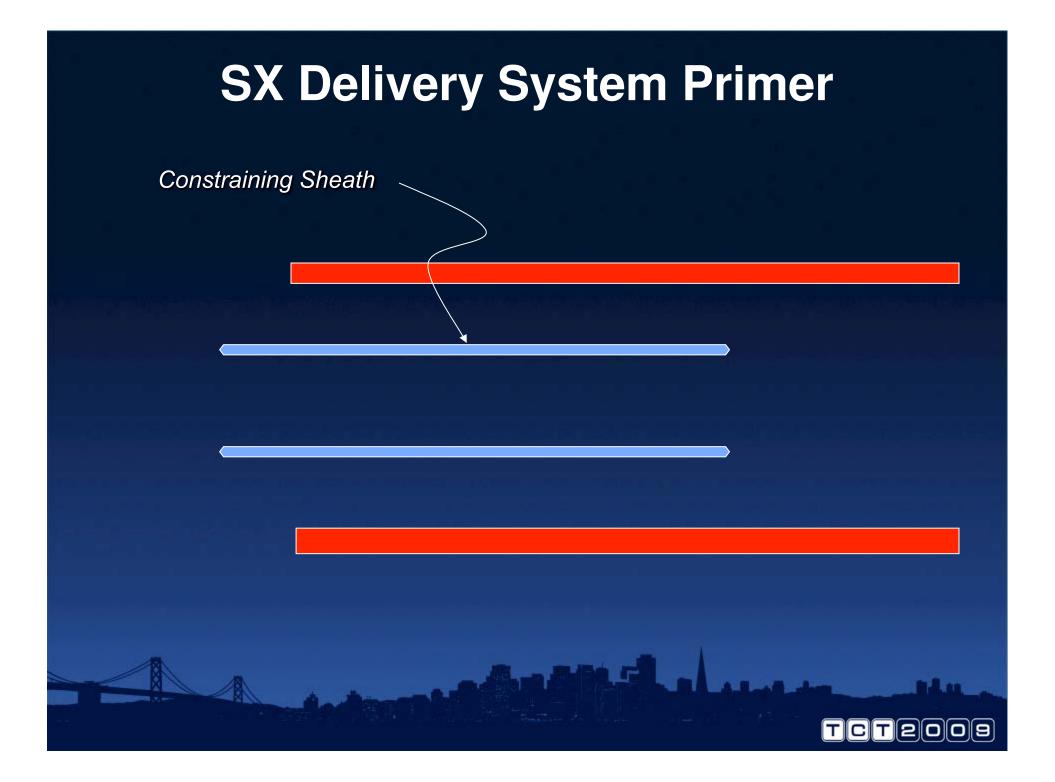


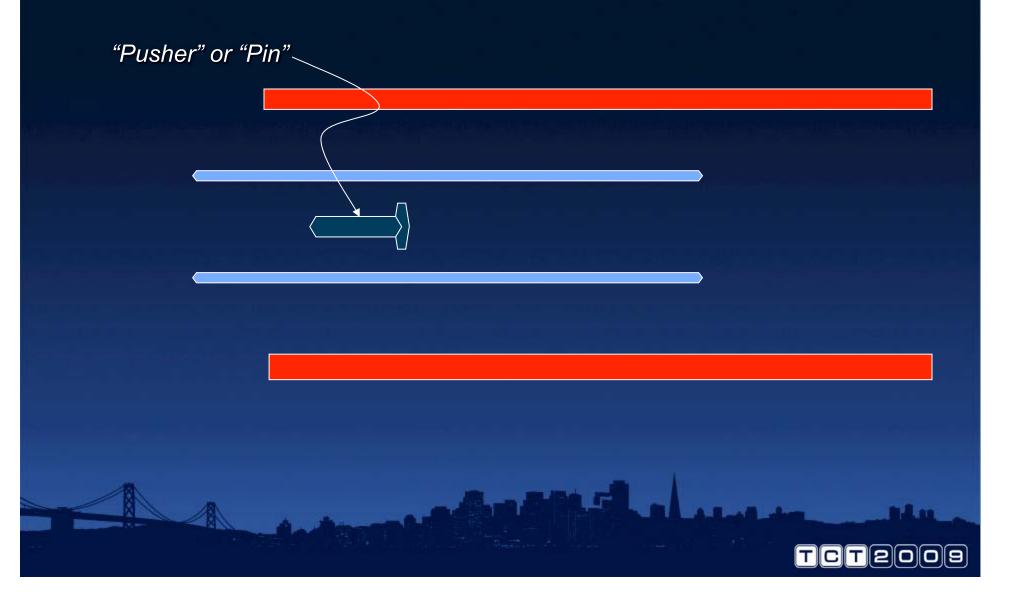




Target vessel 🧠







Each stent segment may be thought of as individual spring which acts outward upon whatever constrains it.

Stent Segments

Adjacent stent segments are connected by bridges. One may consider each stent segment to have some axial elasticity represented by these springs. This spring constant is a function of stent diameter (constrained or expanded).



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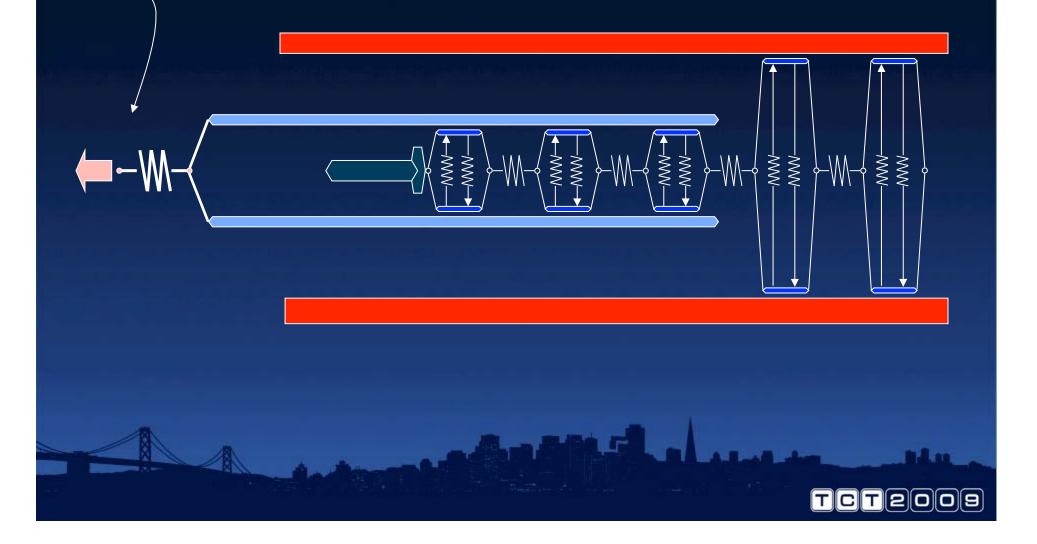
These springs exert less outward force when in the expanded state.

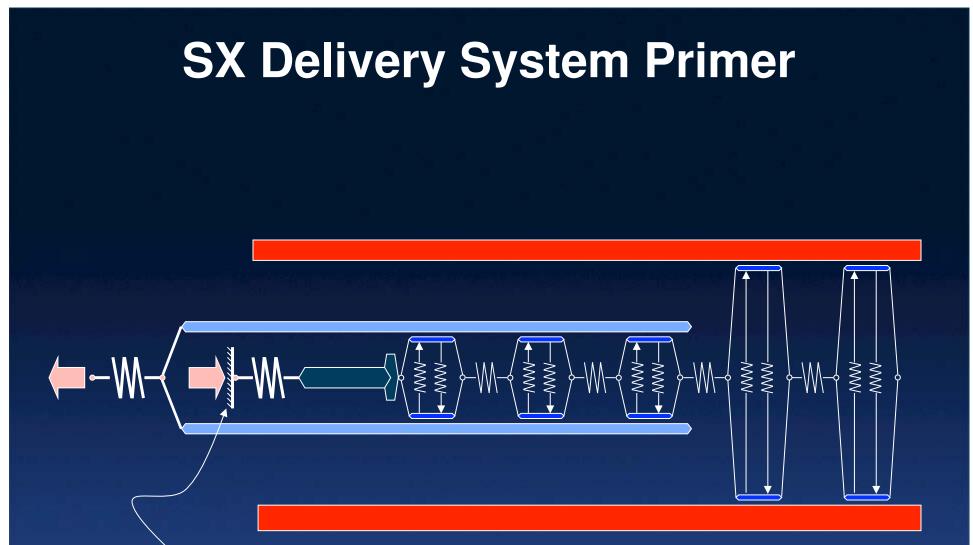
Expanded Stent Segments

These springs become less stiff when the stent escapes its constrained state.



____The stent is deployed by pulling back on the outer member... But the outer member has an elasticity which is represented by its own spring.





The inner body must be constrained at the back end of the catheter. An opposite force must be exerted to enforce this constraint. But the inner body may also have an elasticity, represented by its spring.



The constraining sheath and "pusher pin" forces are communicated through a frictional coupling. This is a function of the number of stent segments in contact within the catheter, the force exerted by those segments, and the static and/or dynamic coefficient of friction between these elements.

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The expanded segments are held in place in the vessel by a similar frictional coupling. The outward force exerted by the stent is less here, so the coupling is not as strong.



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Forces, Interactions, Consequences

What if the "pin" isn't held perfectly stable? What is the "pin" is stable, but the inner shaft absorb energy (compresses)?

What if a the stent is made stronger?

What if a coating changes surface friction?

What if the outer sheath stretches?

What if the stent is more axially conformable, with "weak" intersegment links?



Forces, Interactions, Consequences

What

CONSEQUENCES

- "Stent Jumping"
- High deployment forces
- Placement Inaccuracy
- In-situ stretching or compression of stent

What if



links?

able?

ses)?

Desired Outcome

Commercially available stent placed in an exposed porcine artery

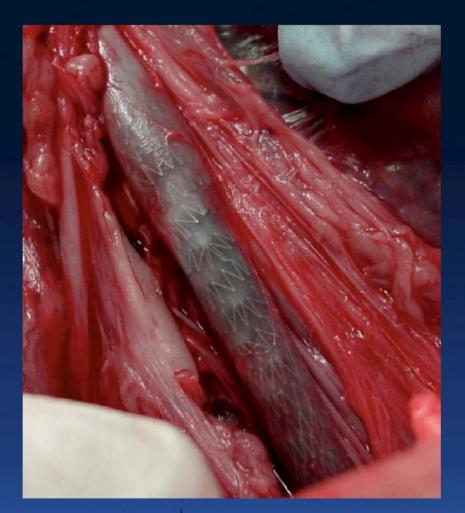
A perfect result...





Undesirable Outcome

Axially unstable prototype stretched during deployment in an exposed porcine artery.





Stent Strength

what does "strength" mean?



Ex Vivo Experiment

- 1 3oz can Potted Meat Food Product (no frills)
- 1 12oz can Corned Beef (with natural juices)
- 1 50oz can Whole Chicken (without giblets)
- 1 expanded SX stent in tube
- 1 expanded BX stent in tube





Step 1: Potted Meat Food Product





Step 1: Potted Meat Food Product



BX stent and SX stent withstand 3oz of P.M.F.P. without deformation











BX stent withstands 12oz of Corned Beef without deformation SX stent flattens under Corned Beef load...

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2009



...When the Corned Beef is removed, the SX stent resumes its original shape.





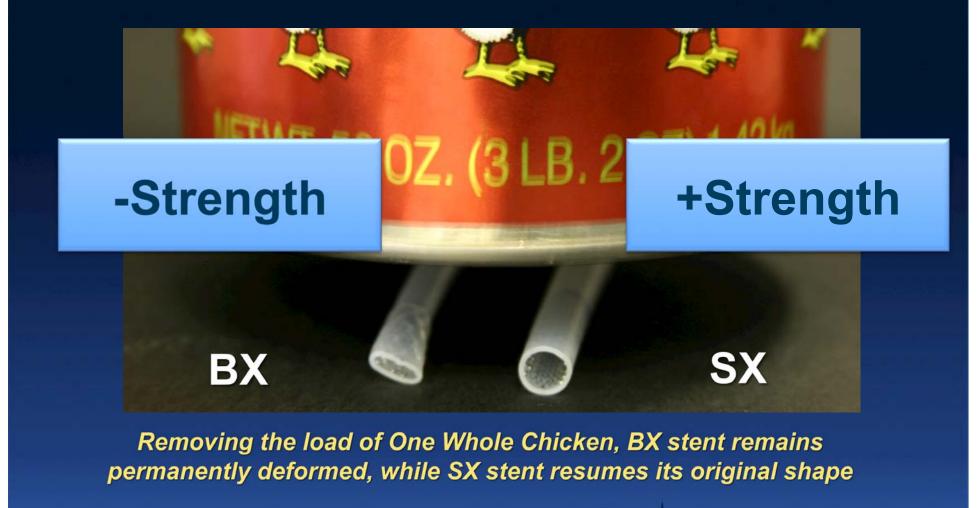






BX and SX stents both flatten under load of One Whole Chicken







Stent Structural Relationships



Stent Structural Relationships



Balloon Expandable Stainless Steel; Cobalt Alloys

Self Expanding Nitinol



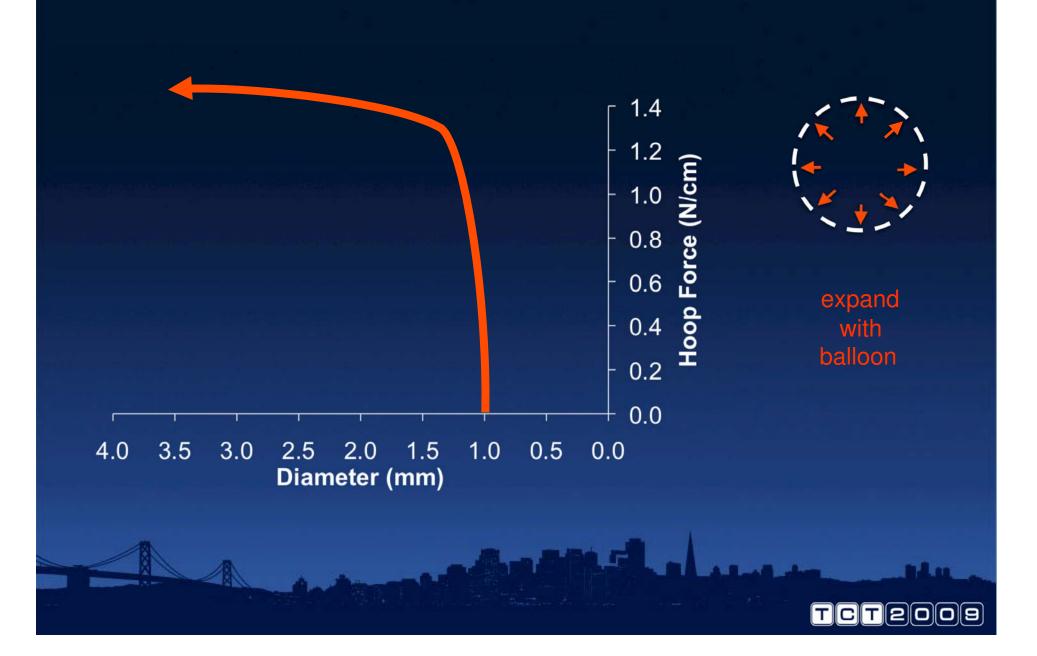
Forces

Balloon Expandable

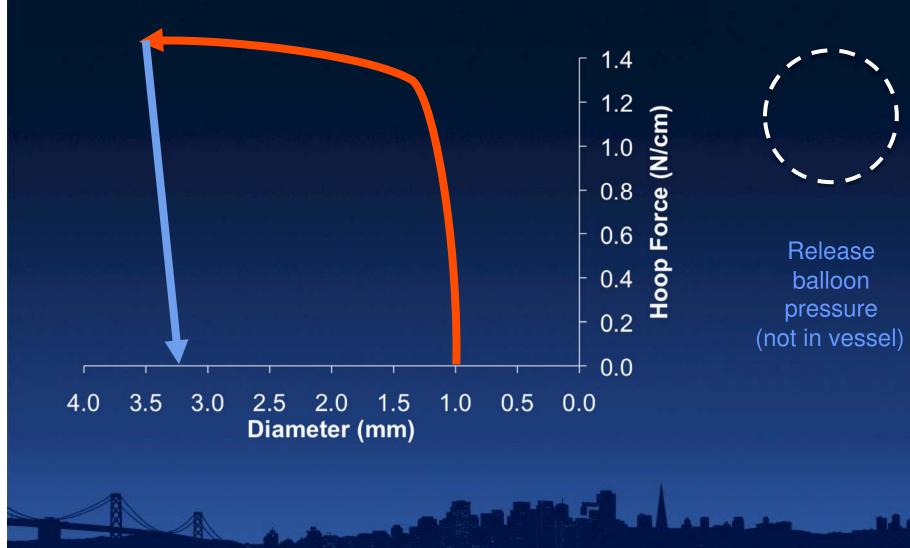
forces and deformations during stent deployment & service



Balloon expansion

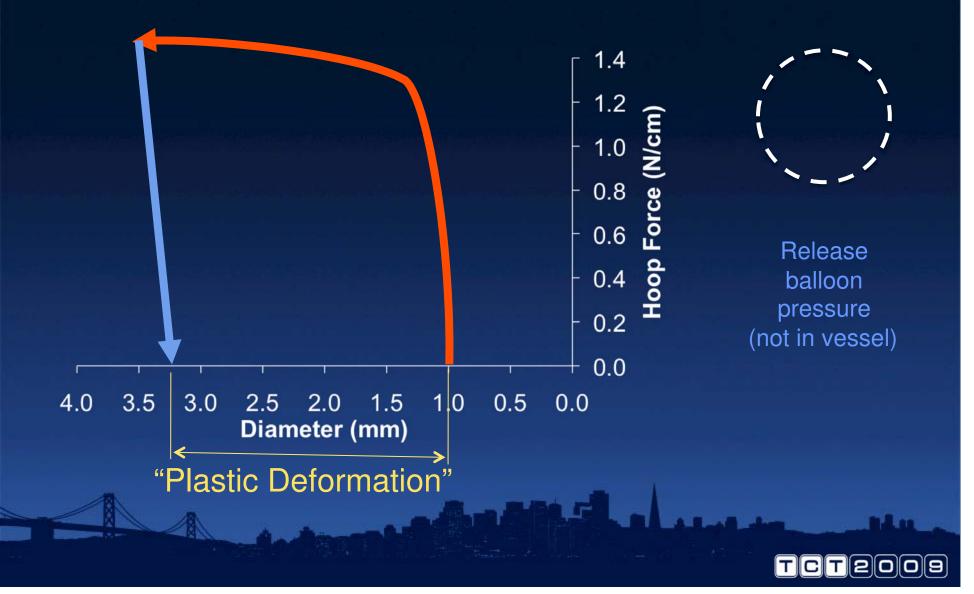


Balloon Expandable Load vs. Deformation

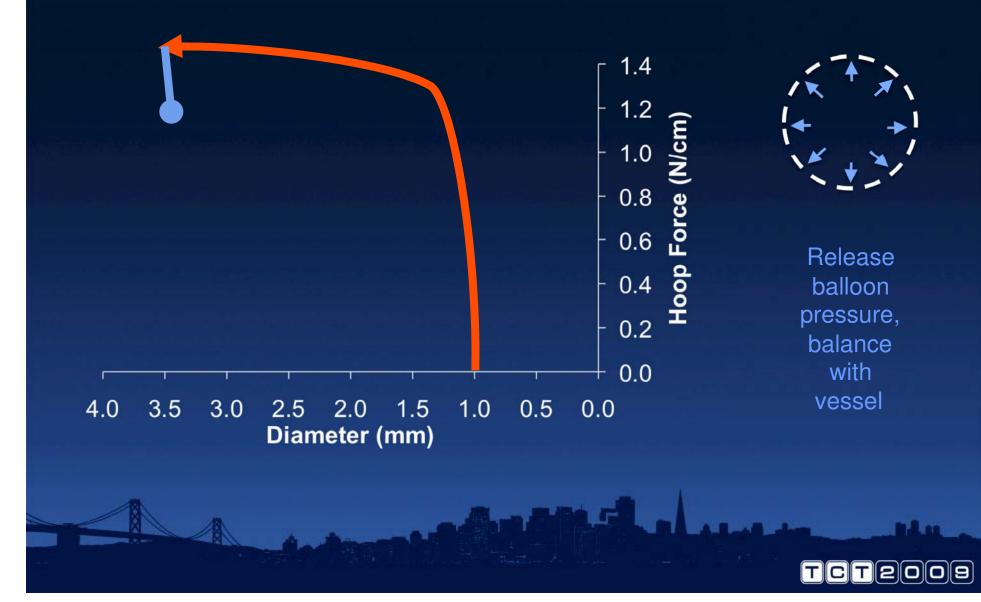




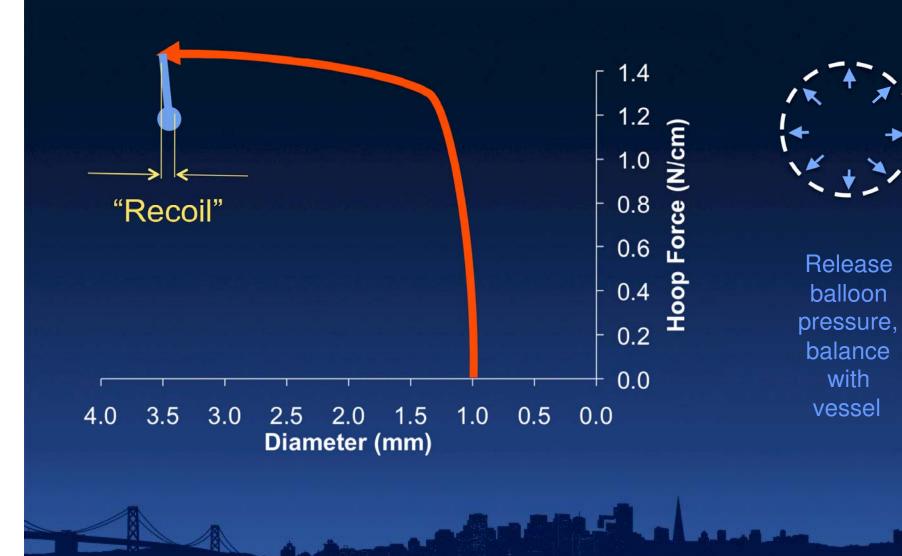
Balloon Expandable Load vs. Deformation



Balloon Expandable Balance with vessel

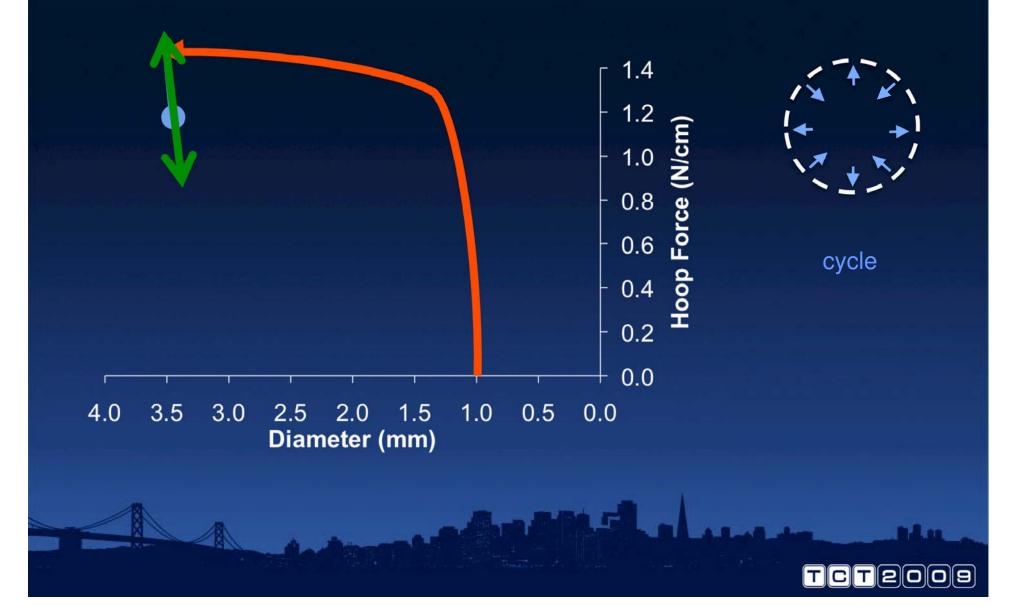


Pulsatile Loading Low "Recoil"

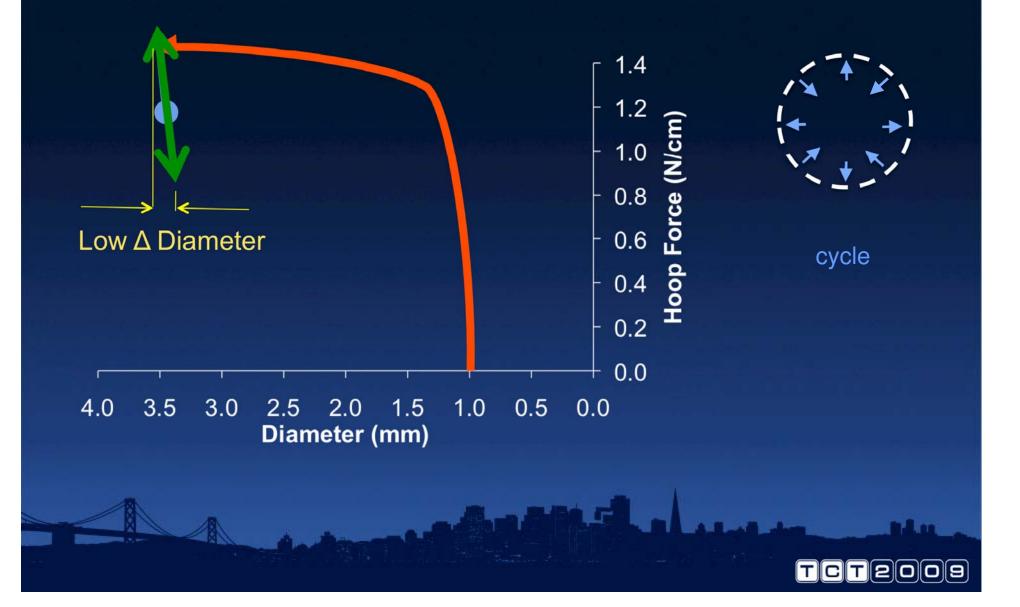


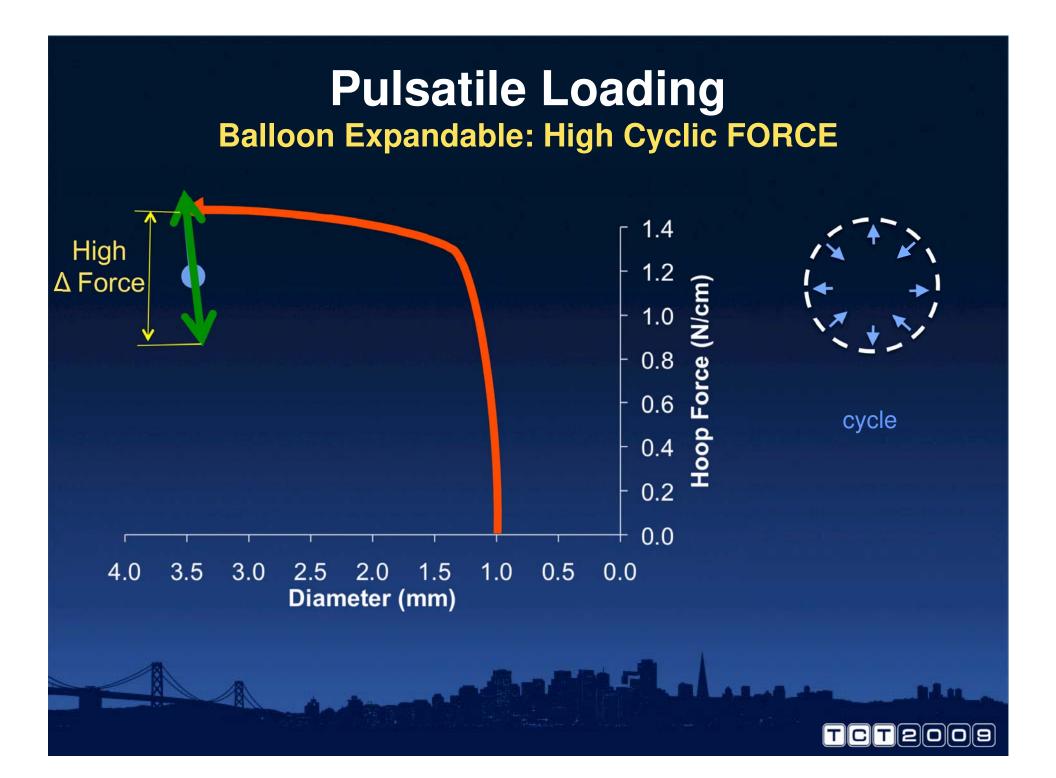


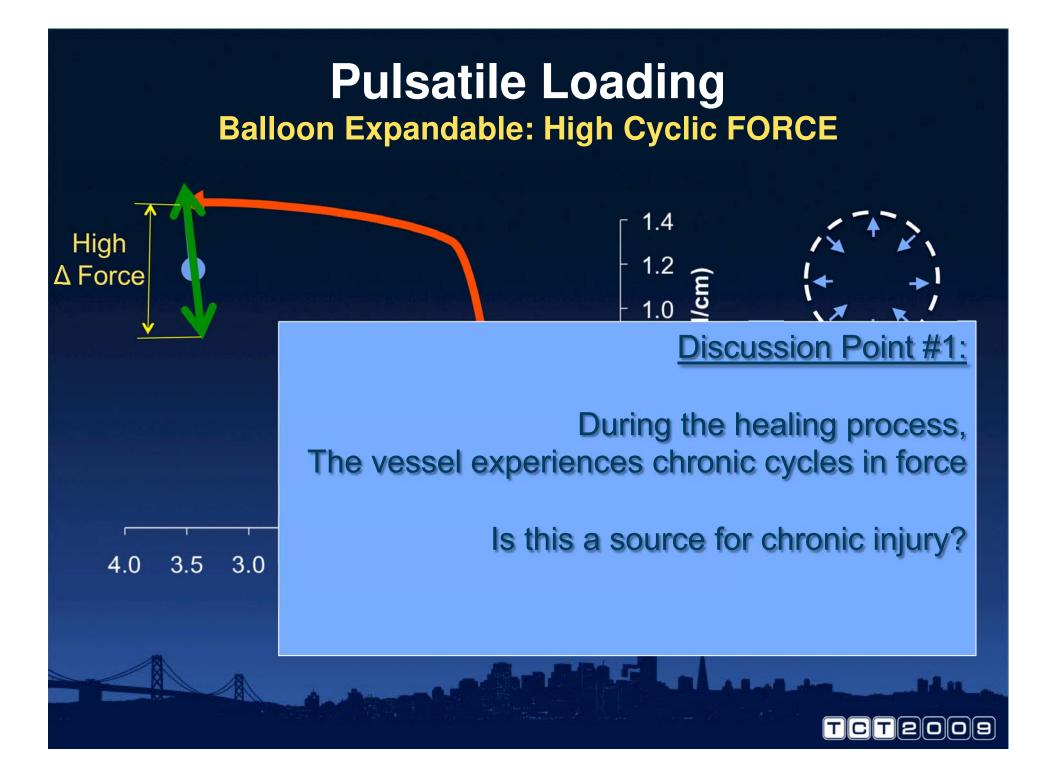
Pulsatile Loading Balloon Expandable: Rigid during pulsing

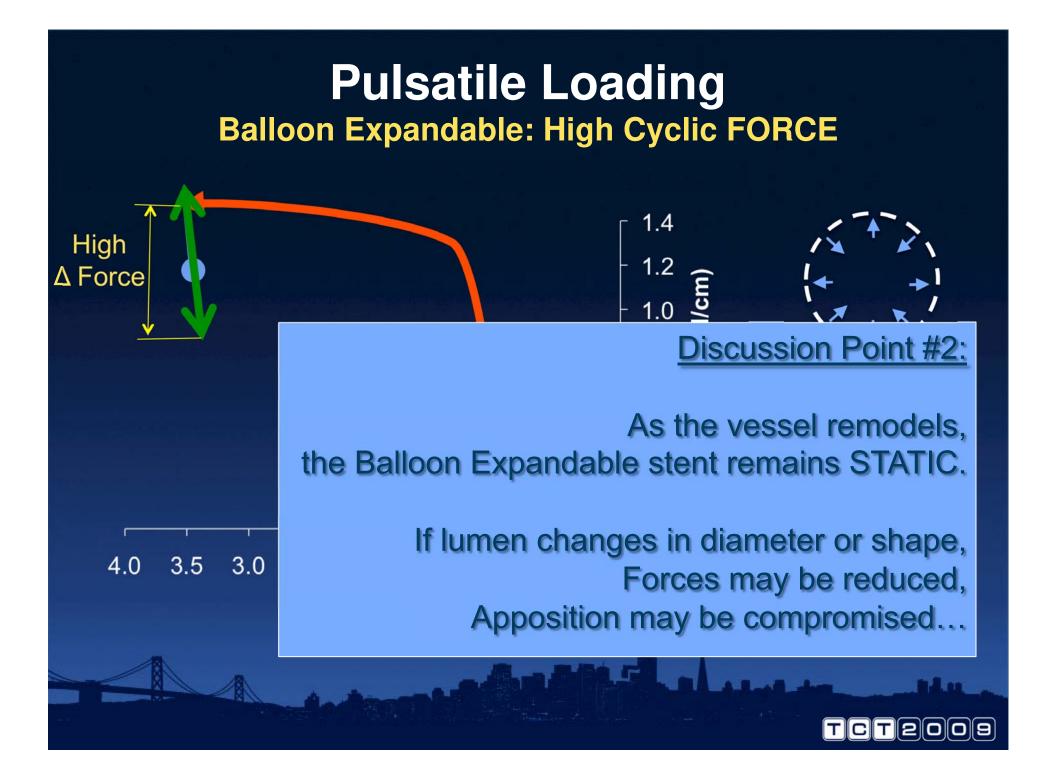


Pulsatile Loading Balloon Expandable: Low cyclic DEFORMATION









Self Expanding

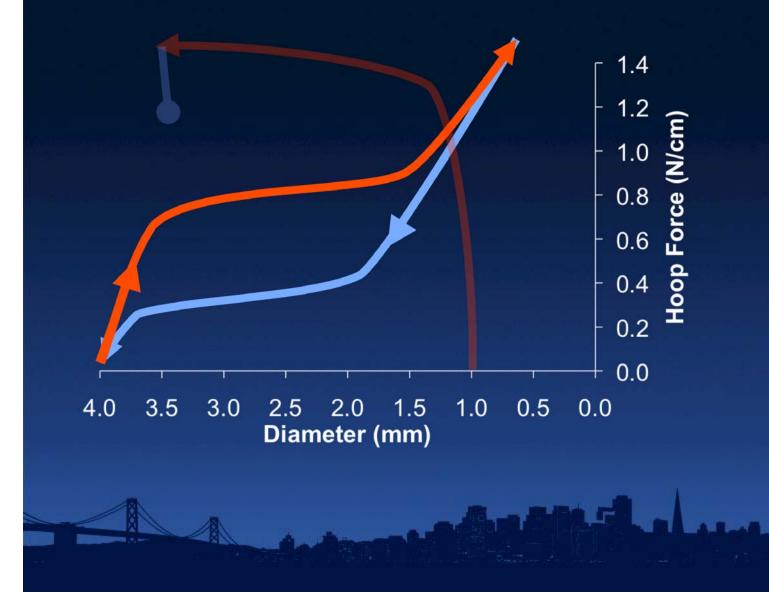
forces and deformations during stent deployment & service



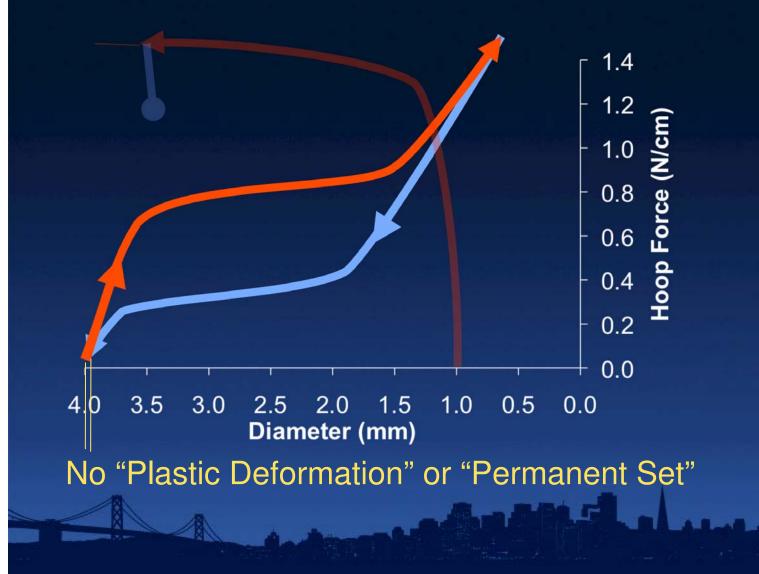
Self Expanding Load vs. Deformation

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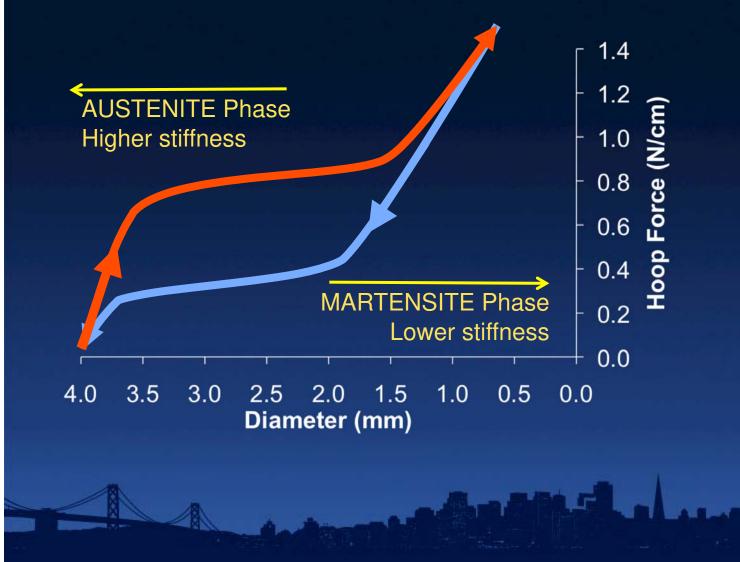


Self Expanding Load vs. Deformation



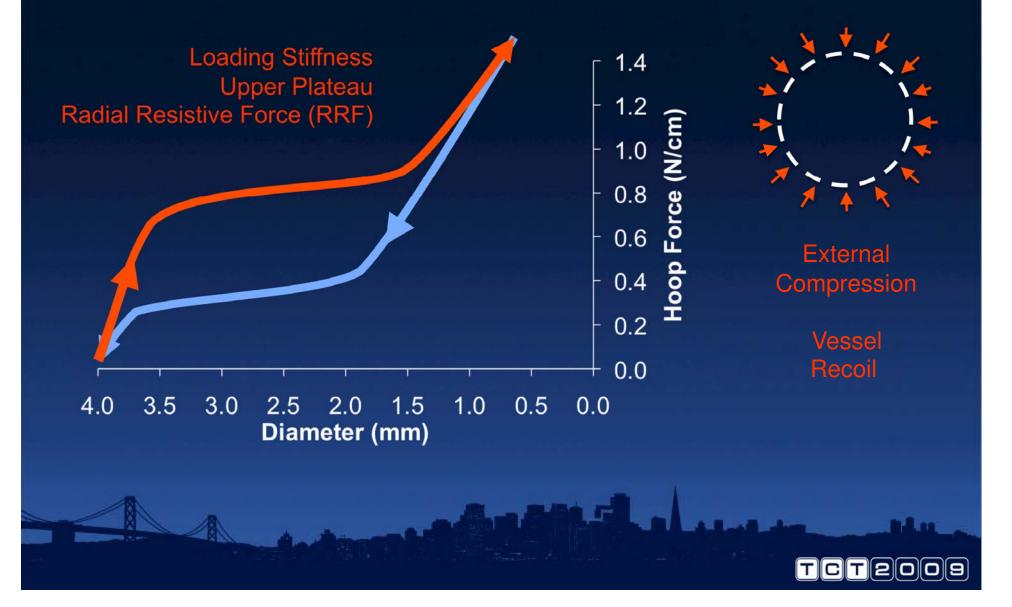


Self Expanding Nitinol Phase Transformation

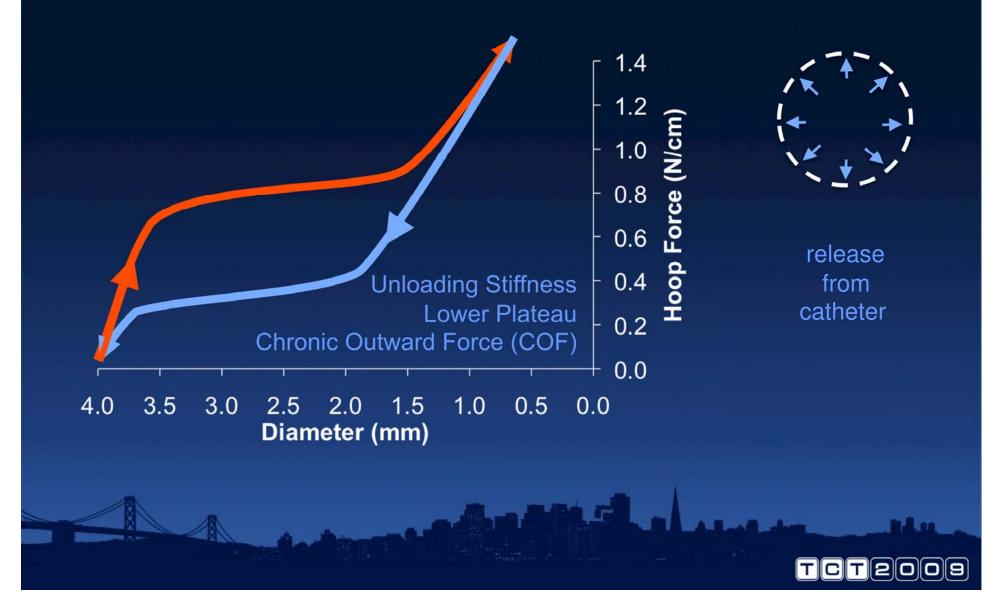




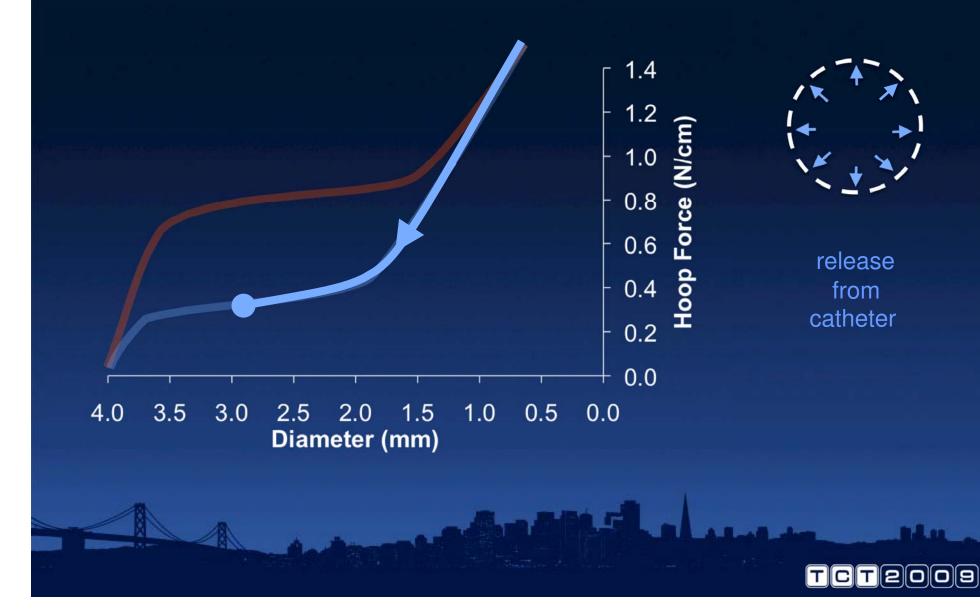
Self Expanding Biased Stiffness of Nitinol: LOADING



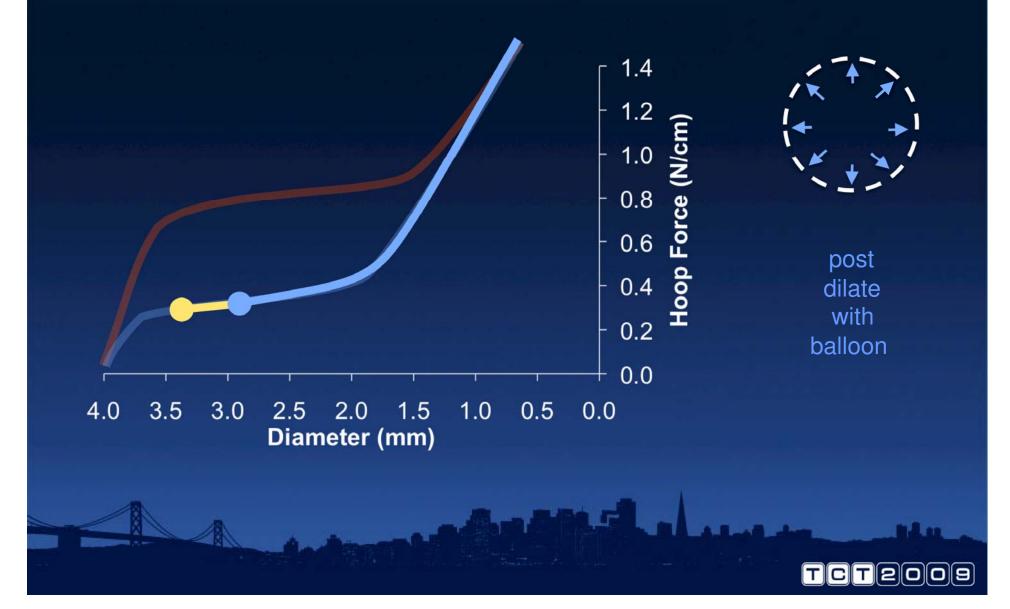
Self Expanding Biased Stiffness of Nitinol: UNLOADING



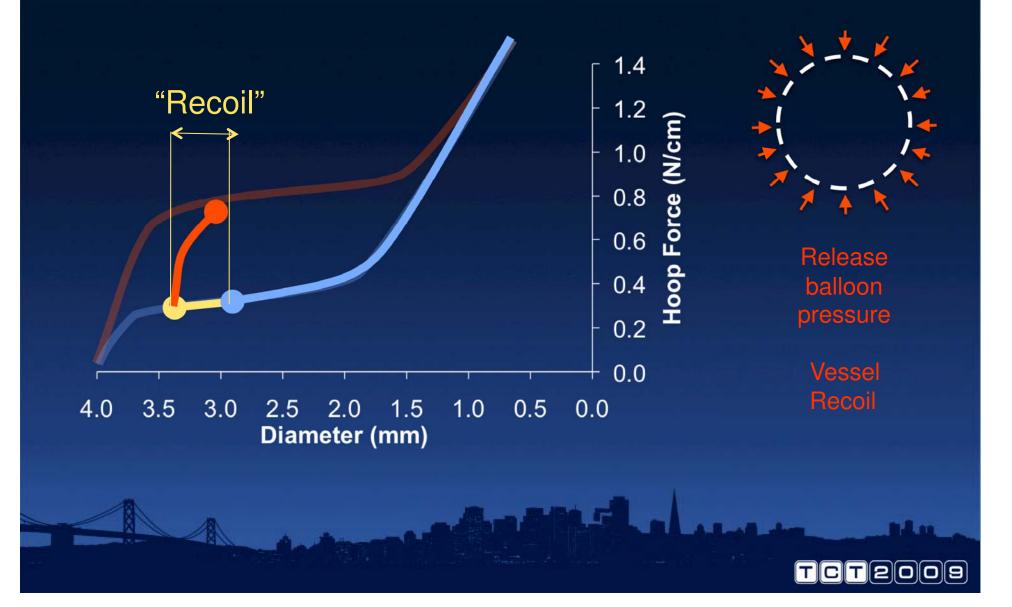
Self Expanding Release to vessel



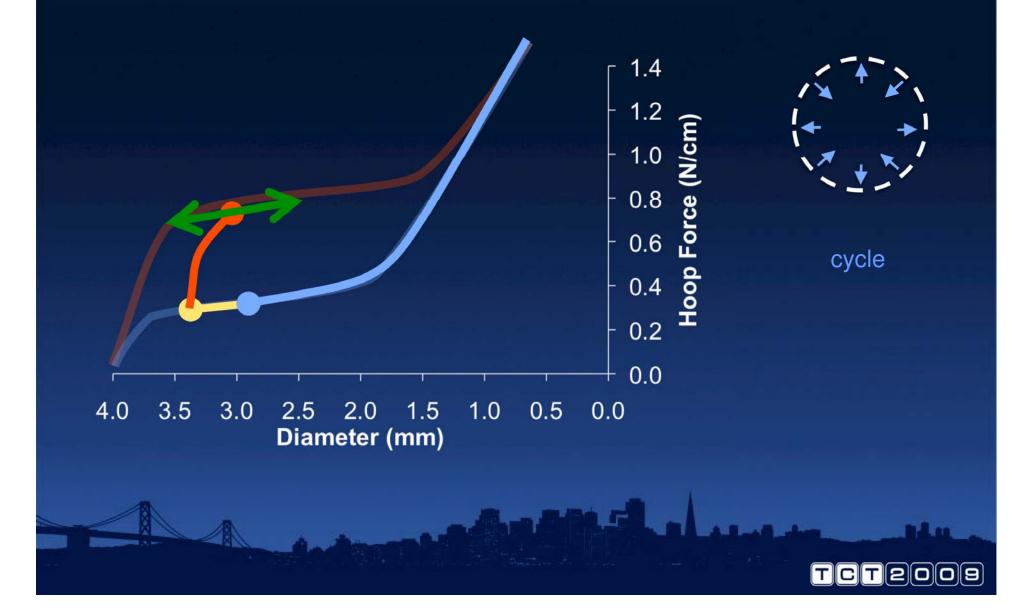
Self Expanding Post-Dilate with Balloon



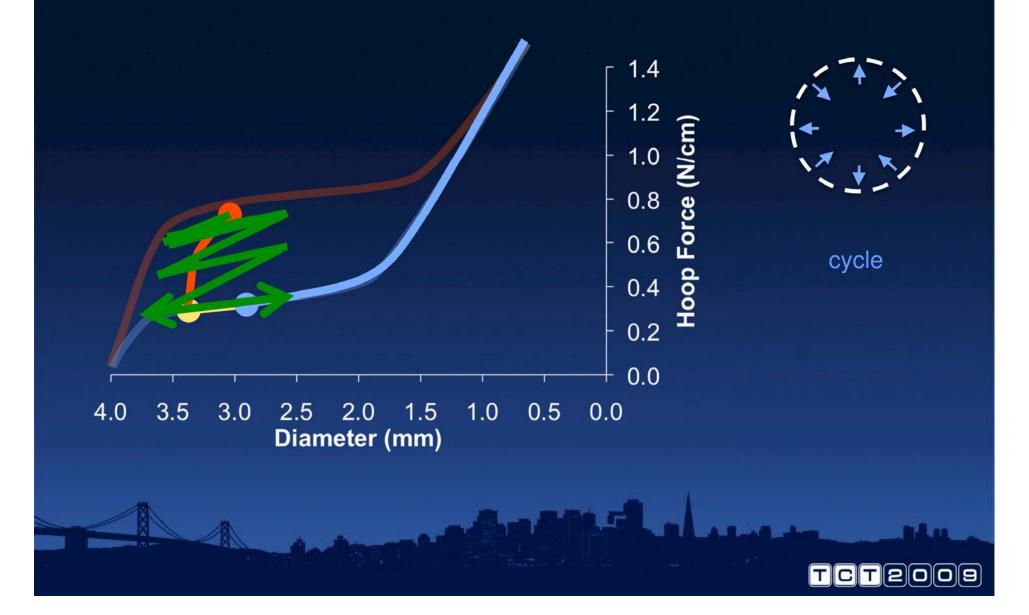
Self Expanding Post-Dilate with Balloon



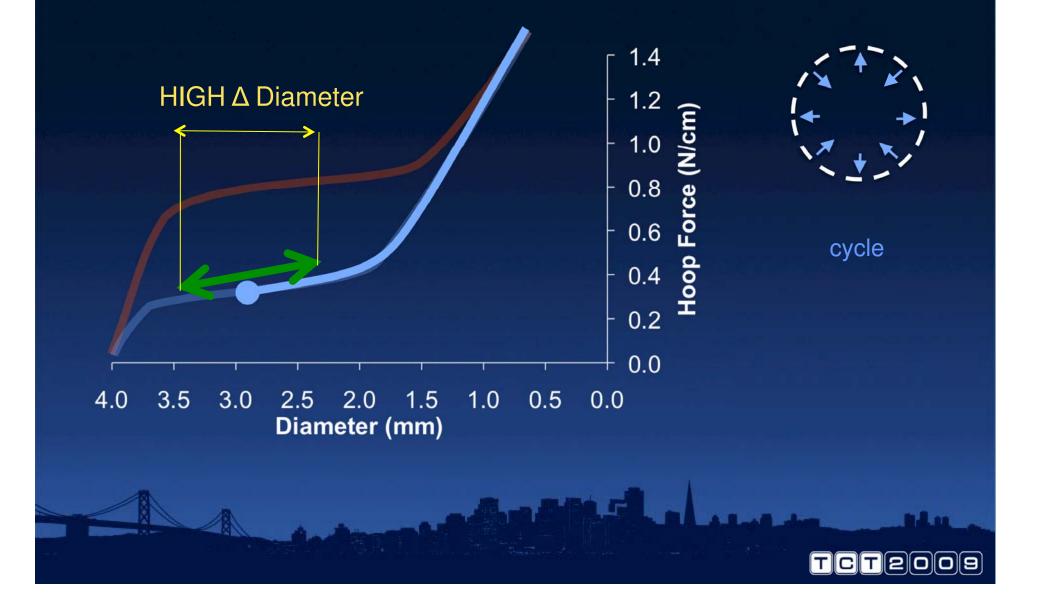
Pulsatile Loading Self Expanding: "Breathes" during pulsing



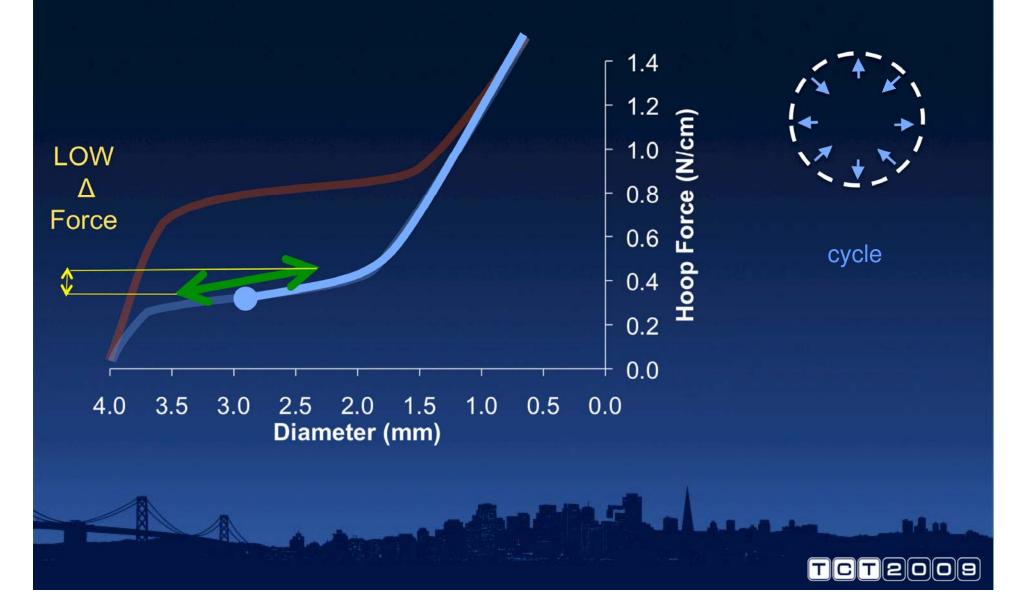
Pulsatile Loading Self Expanding: "Breathes" during pulsing

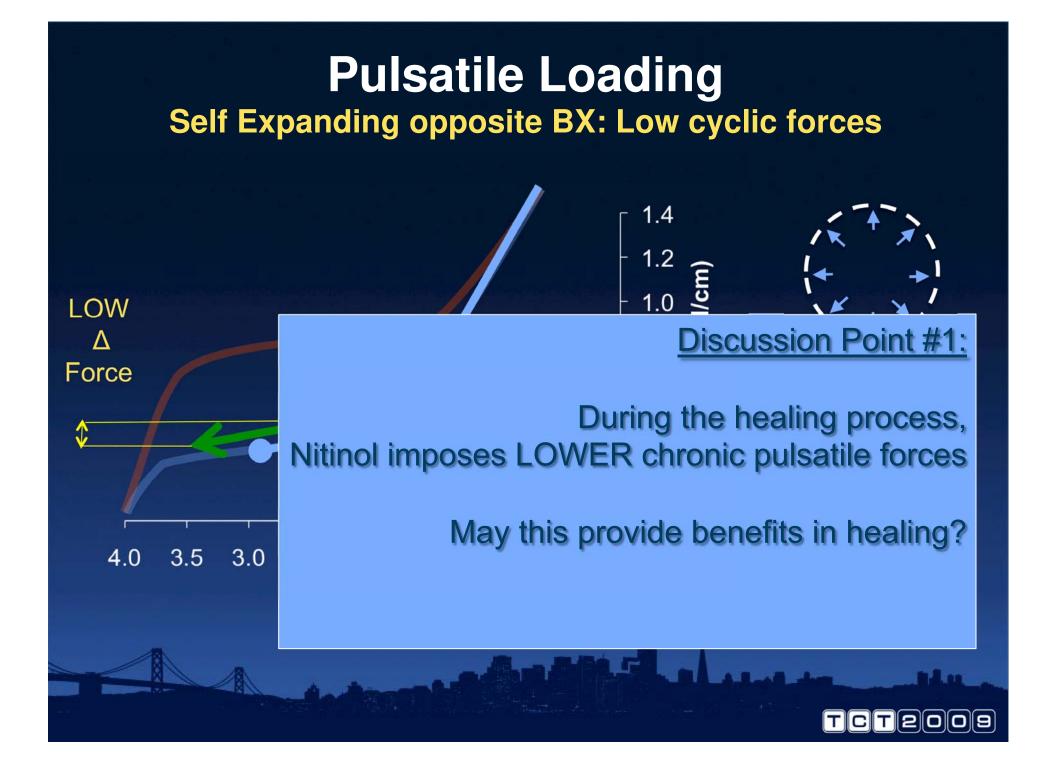


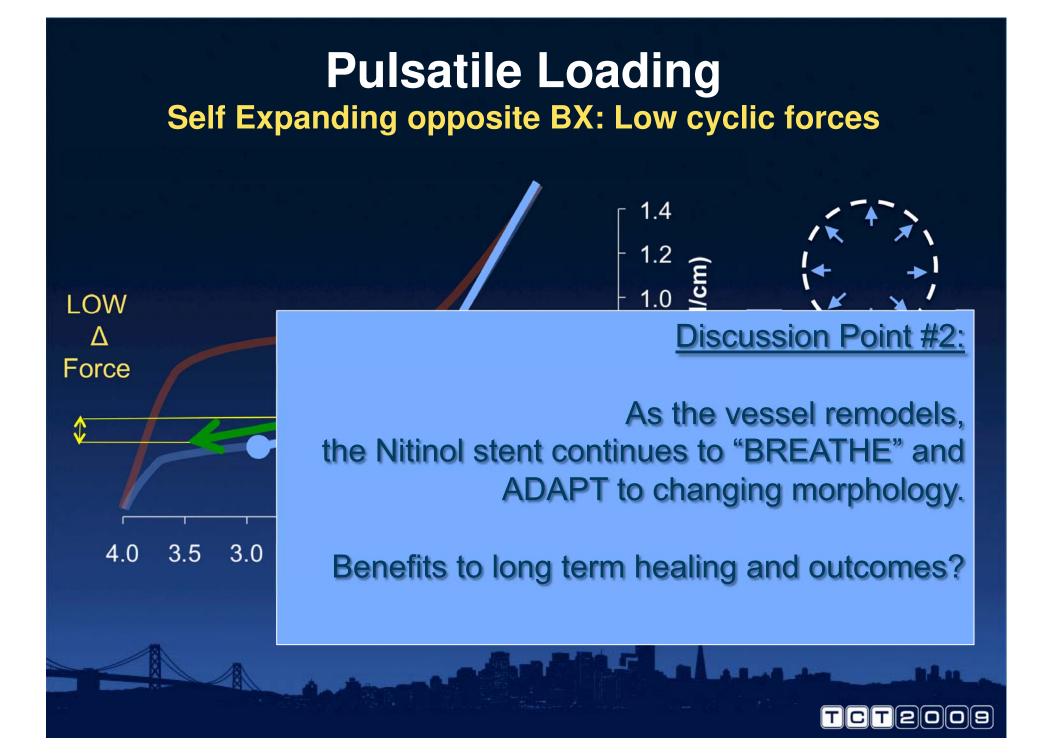
Pulsatile Loading Self Expanding opposite BX: High cyclic deformation



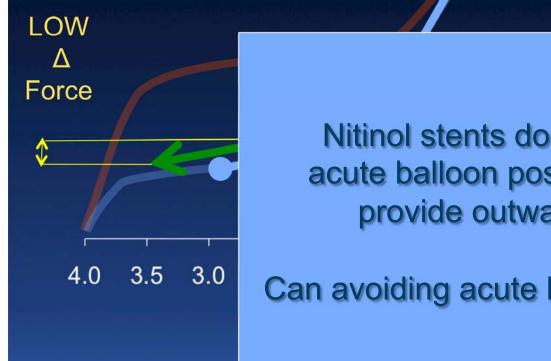
Pulsatile Loading Self Expanding opposite BX: Low cyclic forces







Pulsatile Loading Self Expanding opposite BX: Low cyclic forces



Discussion Point #3:

Nitinol stents do not necessarily REQUIRE acute balloon post-dilitation; rather they can provide outward forces slowly over time.

1.4

1.2

1.0

Can avoiding acute balloon injury improve long term outcomes?



A new toolbox for coronary stenting

- Adaptive and programmable forces & deflections
- Dynamic apposition
- Highly engineered scaffolding
- Conformability in complex geometries
- Radically different injury profile



